

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 18. NO. 34.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

School Monday.
The village board meets next Monday night.

For sale—A good organ for \$20. Inquire of C. Wienecke, Palatine, Ill.

Many from here have been in attendance at the Libertyville Fair this week.

Johnny Seip fell and dislocated the elbow of his right arm the first of the week.

John Bryant went to Dundee Tuesday to attend the reunion of his regiment.

Miss Grace Gayer, of Irving Park, has been a guest of Miss Bessie Pinney, this week.

The school board met Tuesday night and finished preliminary work to the opening of the school.

Mr. Leursen is building a house on the lot which was recently occupied by his implement shop.

The parochial school of the German Lutheran church opened last Monday with a good attendance.

The annual harvest supper under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society will be held on October 2.

The "wheel social" will be held at the home of Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Wood next Friday evening.

Bert Pierce went to Milwaukee Thursday and is spending his two weeks' vacation about here.

Miss Emma Kuebler returned from Chicago the first of the week, where she enjoyed a visit with relatives.

Elsie and Cassie Gainer returned from Chicago the first of the week where they visited for several days.

Several new cases of anthrax are reported in the country. We understand Mr. Rasher has lost some cows.

Henry Knigge expects to lay a concrete walk in front of his property on Slade street, just east of the brick block.

Charlie Julian will return to Indianapolis next week, where he will continue his studies in the high school at that place.

Bert Pierce, of Cincinnati, Ohio, visited his mother and grandmother in this place from Tuesday to Wednesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Morris started for Denver, Colo., Tuesday morning, where they will enjoy a visit with their son, who resides near there.

A number of the members of the Ladies' Foreign Missionary society of this place attended the meeting of the society at Arlington Heights last Tuesday and were nicely entertained while there.

The Relief Corps are completing arrangements for entertaining the 113th Regiment which holds its annual reunion here the 16th and 17th of this month. The program will be published next week.

Henry Harmening sold his fast trotting horse Angelou for \$3,500 last week. He purchased the horse for a little over a thousand dollars a few weeks ago by the advice of Charlie Dean, who also sold the horse for him.

September is the month for hunting and camping. Be sure you take a box of Cole's Carbolsalve with you wherever you go. It is the best thing for cuts, burns and bruises. You need have no fear of lockjaw or blood poisoning if you use Cole's Carbolsalve. Get Cole's. 25c and 50c, by all druggists.

Will Scherling had an exciting time with his horse for a few minutes Tuesday morning. He started to drive out of town when his horse became frightened and in attempting to pull him up one of the lines broke. Will kept the horse going in a circle until it tipped the buggy over with the driver nearly caught underneath. Will grabbed the bridle and soon had things righted with no serious damage done to either horse, carriage or driver.

Announcement.

The Fall Term of Maine Township High School at Des Plaines begins Monday, Sept. 7th. The corps of teachers has been increased. We have courses for those who want to become teachers as well as those who desire to

enter college. In addition to this we begin, with this term, a complete business course, including short-hand writing, type-writing, bookkeeping and commercial law. Manual training is under consideration.

MAINE TOWNSHIP BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The rising generation owes much to the inventor of the alarm clock.

The opening of the Libertyville branch of the C. & M. Electric railway last Saturday proved a red-letter day for that bustling village. The people of the western and southwestern sections of the county congratulate Libertyville on its good fortune in securing such excellent transportation facilities. The new road will be of great help in the upbuilding of the village, and the prosperity of any section of Lake county is for the good of all its people.

ANNUAL REPORT OF C. & N. W. Shows a Slight Falling Off in Net Earnings.

The annual report of the Chicago & North-Western Railroad company for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1903, was issued yesterday.

The average number of miles of road operated during the year was 6,332.14.

The total capital stock of the company on May 31 last was \$73,073,430. An increase in the common stock of the company, sufficient to make its total capital \$100,000,000, was authorized a few months ago. As compared with the previous year passenger earnings increased \$1,150,137, freight earnings \$1,734,172, miscellaneous \$314,349, making a gross increase in earnings of \$3,198,659.

Operating expenses increased \$2,855,867, taxes increased \$308,603, making a gross increase in expenses of \$3,254,470. Net earnings show a decrease of \$55,811.

Faces Serious Problem.

At last Chicago is face to face with a serious problem and realizes the danger. Labor troubles and extortionate demands have practically paralyzed all building operations and are threatening the life of many of the most important and valuable of her industries. The strikers are so unreasonable in their demands that it means speedy ruin to comply with them. Matters are no longer settled on an equitable basis than professional agitators begin to unsettle them. The ignorant classes fall easy victims to this dangerous element who pose as the champions of wage-earners, but who are their worst enemies. Too idle and shiftless to labor themselves, they prey upon those who are willing to work, if left alone.

The conditions are most serious and mean great loss to the city, but greater to workmen. As a number of the most important manufacturing plants are preparing to leave Chicago at an enormous cost and loss, it means that thousands of men that have been earning good wages will soon be drinking the dregs of want.

Never Forget Mother.

Young man, did you ever put your arms around your dear old mother who has loved and cared for you and tell her that you love her and are grateful for the tears she has shed and the prayers she has offered for you? She may think that you love her without you assuring her that you do, but it costs you but little effort to tell her and your words may bring more joy and sunshine to her heart than you ever dreamed of.

Some young men will pay \$3 for a livery rig to ride three hours with a 75 cent girl and tell her all the nice things they can think of that are not true, and don't spend five cents or five minutes in a year to show their old mother that they care anything for her. Boys, never forget mother.

The Officers Elected.

Following is a list of the new officers elected last week by the Lake County Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion association, whose annual reunion held at Grayslake last week was far from the success anticipated owing to the continual rain:
Henry M. Davis, Wauconda, president; Warren M. Powers, Wauconda, first vice-president; William S. Westlake, Antioch, second vice-president; Gilbert Fitch, Grayslake, third vice-president; W. M. Marvin, Waukegan, secretary; John E. Ballard, Libertyville, treasurer.

Executive Committee—B. L. Flagg, Waukegan; H. S. Vail, Highland Park; Charles Hall, Grayslake; Henry Seip, Lake Zurich; J. A. Mason, Prairie View.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY

Of Lake County Agricultural Society Fittingly Celebrated.

Fine Weather and Large Attendance Favors the Exhibition.

The fiftieth exhibition of the Lake County Agricultural society opened to the public at Libertyville Tuesday morning. The weather man certainly favored the fair management, as he prepared an excellent quality of September weather for the opening day and continued to parcel it out during the four days of the exhibition.

The first day was given up to arranging exhibits and putting grounds and buildings in order.

The exhibits this year, in all departments, were much more extensive than shown in several years past, and gave evidence that there is something—sometimes—to a county fair besides a horse race.

In the cattle department some very fine specimens were exhibited, while on the track was found some of the best purse winners in the northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin circuit. The purses were liberal and much interest was taken in all turf events of the fair.

The attendance was such as to gladden the hearts and fill the treasure box of the management.

While the exhibits were unusually good, the speed program proved the attraction. Wednesday the trotting and pacing contests were witnessed by one of the largest crowds ever gathered about the speedway, while Thursday proved a record breaker in the history of the Lake County Fair association, over \$3,000 being taken in at the admission gates. The attendance being 12,000.

Today was the last day of the exhibition but the attendance was large notwithstanding the cloudy skies and abandonment of a part of the published program. The Ladies' Cornet band of Barrington was in attendance and received many compliments.

This exhibition was to mark the golden jubilee of the society and, therefore, the managers put forth an extra effort to make it the best ever given by the society. It is the verdict of many that those entrusted with the program succeeded better than they anticipated.

The first county fair in Lake county was held in Waukegan in the fall of 1852, and although it was a small affair, it was the beginning of the present society. With the exception of one year, during the war of the rebellion, exhibitions have been held annually, usually at Libertyville, where the society has invested considerable money in grounds and buildings centrally located, and well adapted for exhibition purposes.

Like all other agricultural societies, that of Lake county has had its ups and downs, but weathered all the storms successfully.

Libertyville is rapidly forging to the front in way of population and commercial importance, attracting lines of transportation which makes it an ideal location for exhibitions of the society. The north section of the county is rapidly building up and all these advantages will add to the prosperity of the Lake County Agricultural society, so that the people may expect something better each year.

NEWS OF THE VICINITY

Items of Interest From the Villages of Lake Zurich and Wauconda.

Succinctly Told by Our Regular Correspondents,

WAUCONDA.

J. Welsh, of Waukegan, was a Sunday caller.

H. Maiman transacted business in the city Tuesday.

G. C. Roberts transacted business in the city last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Jepson were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. F. N. Lapham is spending the week with friends at Elgin.

Obituary.

Our people were given a sad surprise Tuesday morning when they learned of the death of William Brooks, one of Lake county's oldest farmers. It has been known for a long time that Mr. Brooks was ailing, but anxious friends were reassured by

his cheerfulness, which was a prominent feature of his character. The funeral was held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the M. E. Church, Rev. Pierce officiating.

Died, Aug. 28, 1903, at her home, after a long illness, Mrs. Grace Davis Ham, aged 28 years, 8 months and 4 days. Grace Davis was born Dec. 24, 1874, in the home in which she died, and about ten years ago she was united in marriage with Edgar Ham. One child, a boy, is left to the father and husband of the deceased to mourn her loss. The funeral was held Sunday in the M. E. Church, and friends showed their respect for the departed one by attending in large numbers. The G. A. E., of which her father is a member, and the W. R. C., of which she was a member, being present in a body. Interment was made in the

[Continued on Page 5.]

TRADES UNIONS.

Have No Place in the Public Service—Effect Injurious.

The leaders of unionism are now trying to gain a foothold in the several departments of public service, and especially in the postoffice department.

Inspector Stuart of the Chicago office has submitted a report to the postmaster general in which the inspector says that the effects of unionism in that office is injurious to the public service, and the office must be separated from unionism.

Trades unions are right and proper, but not necessary in the public service.

Organized labor is all right so long as it does not impose upon the rights of others. The following sensible view of the present situation is taken from an editorial in the Chicago Chronicle, a paper friendly to organized labor—strictly union—though not upholding its practices when wrong:

"A strike society in the public service is essentially mutinous. It is an organization to force upon the government its own terms as to wages, hours and other conditions of employment by intimidation, political or other, by violence and by the other familiar methods of trades unionism.

"The seizing of the public by the throat by its own employees is not to be tolerated. The fact that it has been quietly tolerated is shameful; it is no reason why it should be tolerated any longer.

"The alternative should be presented to all persons in public employ to get out of the unions or get out of the public service at once.

"It is not to the point to say that men in the public service have a right to organize for mutual benefit—to help one another in sickness and distress. That is not what strike societies are for, as everybody knows. If there is any such mutual benefit it is a mere incident—a thing by the way.

"There are plenty of really mutual benefit societies which have no sinister or unlawful purpose to which persons may belong if they like—societies which embrace men in different employments and walks of life. It is no hardship, therefore, or deprivation of any right to prohibit unionism in the public service.

"Unionism as it now exists is wholly incompatible with good public service in any department. It is organized insubordination, improper influence, political and industrial coercion, mutiny. In the public service the people are supreme, and they are not going to have their place usurped and their authority defied by strike societies and strike bosses and 'business agents.

"Nobody is obliged to enter the civil service against his will. If he wants to belong to a strike society and take orders from strike bosses and sluggers he can do so, but he must not be permitted to do that and pretend to serve the public at the same time. The two things cannot go together.

"No man can serve two masters, and the people are going to be the master in their own public business."

Dowie as Dictator.

Dowie's recent order that his followers must do all their trading in Zion City is resented by the merchants of Waukegan, who have complained to Mayor Pearce about Dowie's institutions getting business in that city. Yesterday the police stopped the delivery wagon from the Zion City general store as it was entering town and warned the driver not to come there any more with goods. The driver protested that he meant no wrong, but said Dowie sent him and he must do as ordered. He was told that unless the delivery of goods in Waukegan was stopped the merchants of that city would put a wagon in Zion and undersell the stores there.

BRING THEM IN AT ONCE

We buy your second-hand School Books.

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

Complete line School Stationery, Inks, Pencils and Tablets, Etc.

NEW FALL GOODS.

We are now beginning to offer our new Fall Goods of Cotton Flannels, at 6c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12c, 20c, 25c a yard. Flannel-ettes and new Wool Dress Goods, at 35c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 65c a yard and upwards.

New Stock of Sheetings.

5c, 6c, 7c, 7½c, 8c, 9c, 10c a yard.

New Stock of Millinery.

"Ready-to-Wear Hats"—just arrived—a new stock of Children's and Ladies' Hats. We sell them at our popular low prices.

Children's School Shoes.

We sell our Children's School Shoes cheap. Prices, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 up. We show all the best makes.

Ladies' Queen Quality Shoes.

\$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair.

COME AND SEE US. **The Big Store.** WE SAVE YOU MONEY.
A. W. MEYER & CO
BARRINGTON.

LAMEY & CO.,

Dealers in

Paints for Exterior Finish

Paints and Enamels

for Interior Work

Building Material

Lime, Brick,

Tile and Cement.

BARRINGTON ILLINOIS

NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign Happenings of Minor Importance Told in Paragraphs.

Andrew Finch and Dock Bacon, negroes, for attempting to assault Mrs. C. E. Geohagan, will be hanged at Boydton, Va.

Mayor Charles Schultz of Neenah, Wis., has called a special meeting of the common council to investigate charges of boodling.

Engineer H. W. Lucas was killed and Fireman J. W. Stafford fatally scalded by an accident on the Norfolk & Western near Winston, N. C.

A wreck on the Milwaukee road near Star Lake, Wis., between a logging and a work train resulted in the death of Engineer Blain and Fireman Close.

John Smith of Chicago and Thomas Duady of St. Louis were captured near St. Joseph, Mich., by a posse of angry farmers armed with shotguns. They are charged with the robbery of a house.

The jury in the case of Charles Jackson, the negro accused of the murder of Charles W. Roxbury in River avenue, New York, in July, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree.

Judge Hazell in Jefferson City, Mo., reset the case of the state versus Senator Matthews on the charge of bribery for Nov. 16.

Judge Timmons at Jefferson City, Mo., overruled the motion in arrest of judgment in the case of State Senator Sullivan, convicted of soliciting a bribe from Whitney Layton for his vote on the alum bill. The case will be appealed to the Kansas City Court of Appeals.

Judge Elliott of Minneapolis, Minn., has denied Dr. Ames' motion for a new trial. Nothing now remains between the former mayor and six years in the penitentiary for bribery except an appeal to the Supreme court. The case will be certified and heard at the October term.

The federal grand jury at Washington which has been considering the postal cases examined one witness. Action is expected at any moment on the evidence which has been presented to the grand jury regarding the acts of a former postal official both during his term of office and subsequent legal practices.

Acting Secretary Darling has received a report from Naval Constructor Capps regarding the charges of discrimination against the veterans of the civil war at the New York navy yard. The constructor says that no discrimination against veterans has been in operation and characterizes the charges as "extraordinary allegations." Mr. Darling considers the report as fully disposing of the charges.

The central conference of German Baptists, which has just closed its convention at Cleveland, Ohio, will meet in Chicago next year.

City and County Clerk Aichele of Denver, Colo., indicted by the grand jury on twenty-three counts charging embezzlement, larceny of records and destruction of public documents, appeared in the criminal court and furnished bonds in \$12,000. He said he would plead not guilty to all the charges.

The national government of Colombia has approved the recent decree of the governor of Panama placing a tax of \$100 on all steamers and sailing vessels entering the ports of Panama or Colon while the danger of introducing the bubonic plague lasts. These taxes will be devoted to defraying the expenses of the quarantine station.

Frau Laura Hilgermann, one of the singers at the Imperial opera in Vienna, is devoting her leisure hours to the study of medicine.

Mrs. Edward Brown, one of the pioneer settlers of Havana, Ill., died at her home there, aged 84 years. She was born in England.

Mrs. Nellie Smith Strowbridge, wife of the Rev. T. R. Strowbridge, pastor of the First M. E. church of Harvard, Ill., died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Shepard, at Elgin, Ill.

Miss Mary Tyler Sturgis, a well-known young society woman of St. Paul, Minn., will enter the monastery of the convent of Georgetown, D. C., to take the vows of a novitiate. Miss Sturgis is the daughter of General S. D. Sturgis, one of the heroes of the civil war. She is a sister of Col. Samuel Sturgis, U. S. A. Another brother was killed while serving with Custer.

Ingram Fletcher of Indianapolis died at Orlando, Fla. He was for many years a partner in the banking house of Fletcher & Sharpe. He was born in Indianapolis in 1835.

Edmund Griffith, aged 77 years, is dead at his home in Batavia, Ill., after an illness of two years. He was born in Oxfordshire, England, and went to Batavia when a child.

Berlin newspapers announce the death at Rostock of Captain Wilhelm Bade, who was one of the officers of the sailing vessel Hansa when it was crushed by the ice near Greenland in 1859. For 200 days the crew drifted on a floe before there was a chance to get ashore.

Judge C. G. Offutt of Greenfield, Ind., died suddenly of heart trouble.

Mrs. Jenny Gaar Leeds of Indianapolis, divorced wife of President Leeds of the Rock Island railroad, positively denies the report that she is contemplating another marriage.

Fernando Valenzuela, for whose capture, dead or alive, a large reward was offered, has been shot and killed by Mexican rurales at Santa Cruz, Sonora. He was accused of having committed half a dozen murders along the border within a few months.

Fearing a collision, the passengers on a crowded cable car in Kansas City became panic-stricken on the Twelfth street viaduct that spans the railway yards and several jumped from the swiftly-moving train. Three were seriously hurt.

After a faithful dog had saved the family of William Graf, 695 Second street, Milwaukee, from death by gas he was shot by a policeman as mad. Anna Radke, a servant, was found dead from the gas when the barking of the dog aroused the family and saved them from a like fate.

Michael Beyer, a lineman in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company, at Milwaukee, narrowly escaped electrocution on a telegraph pole. All the fingers of his left hand were burned off and at the knee on the left leg the tendons and flesh were burned away, exposing the bone. Beyer's foot-hooks had slipped and he had grasped the wire to save himself from falling to the ground.

Acting Secretary of War Oliver has extended the time for making answer by the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge company until Dec. 1. Secretary Root made a demand upon the bridge company for it to show cause why the bridge should not be forfeited to the general government and the company was ordered to make a reply by Sept. 15.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company announces a continuation of the special reduction of 25 cents a ton at the mines on pea and buckwheat coal, on contracts for September, making the price of pea coal \$1.75 at the mines, the same as August. Owing to overproduction of anthracite several large collieries have been closed indefinitely.

The Philadelphia grain exporters have joined with the Baltimore merchants in the movement to prevent the further diversion of the Western grain trade of Montreal and other Canadian ports, and a conference will be held in Philadelphia to devise a plan of action. New York and Boston merchants interested also are to be represented.

The battleship Indiana, commanded by Capt. W. H. Emery; the cruiser Hartford, Capt. W. H. Reeder, and the practice ship Chesapeake, in command of Commander William F. Halsey, the three ships which conveyed the midshipmen on their summer cruise, arrived at Annapolis, Md. The midshipmen expressed themselves as having had a pleasant time on the cruise.

Col. Clem of the United States army and Miss Bessie Sullivan, daughter of a San Antonio, Texas, banker, will be married Sept. 13 and go to the Philippines.

Robert S. Armstrong, assistant secretary of the United States treasury; H. N. Stranahan, collector of the port of New York, and Hamilton Fish of New York, have left St. Paul, Minn., over the Great Northern for the Pacific coast, where they will visit a number of cities. Returning east, the party will spend a week or more in Yellowstone park.

The Rev. Dr. Robert C. Faris, aged 77 years, former pastor of the North Presbyterian church of St. Louis and well known throughout the Southern Presbyterian church, is dead at his home in St. Louis. Death was due to stomach trouble. For many years he was editor of the St. Louis Presbyterian.

Francis Anthony, the oldest man in Illinois, died at Bloomington Aug. 29, after a two weeks' illness. He was born May 8, 1800, in Ireland, emigrated to Canada in 1820, and was a captain in the Canadian army during the French rebellion of 1837. For thirty years he has been a resident of Bloomington township, and his vitality was remarkable.

The drainage canal at Joliet, Ill., is being searched for the bodies of George Marohnich and Nicholas Nasabani. The latter fell into the canal while trying to collect driftwood and Marohnich attempted his rescue. The wife of Marohnich attempted to drown herself when she learned her husband's fate.

Mme. Lottie Talfero Wilson of Bloomfield, N. J., mezzo-soprano, sailed recently for Dublin, Ireland, where she has been engaged to sing in the Church of the Holy Cross.

General Samuel Sumner, recently promoted to be major general in the United States army, has arrived in Seattle from the Philippines, where he has been for the last three years.

Rev. Thomas F. Howard, 42 years old, a Roman Catholic priest of Peoria, Ill., is dead of paralysis at the home of his father, Thomas Howard of St. Paul, Minn.

Vincenzo Tili of Philadelphia, proprietor of an Italian bank, for reasons unknown, was shot and killed by Giovanni Viola, who, as he ran away, pursued by a large crowd, fired his revolver at his pursuers, seriously wounding Policeman Thomas Conly. Viola was captured.

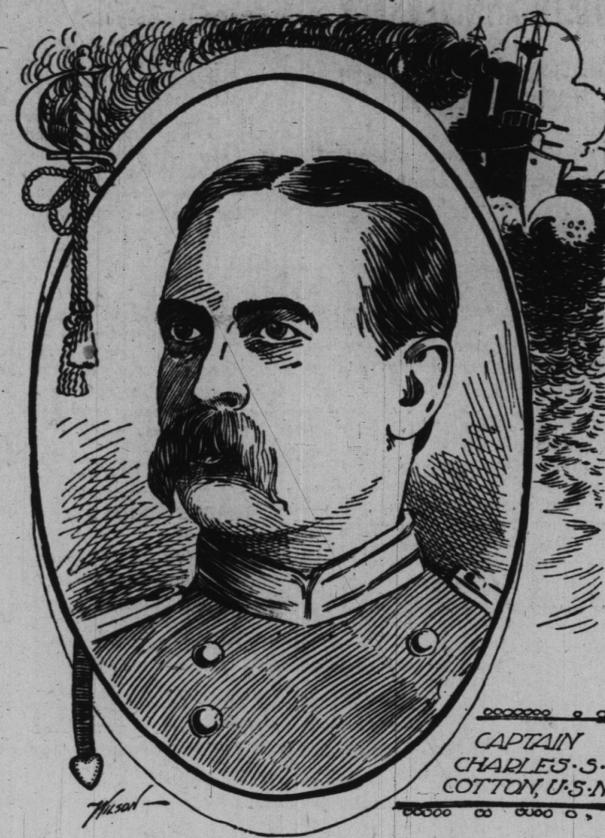
The Illinois missionary convention of the Christian church convened in Eureka, Ill., with a large number of delegates. The exercises were in charge of the Illinois Christian woman's board of missions. The address was by William Forrest of Calcutta.

Samuel Gill, an old-time prominent politician, is dead at Peoria, Ill.

Ralph Pulitzer, son of the proprietor of the New York World, was bound over at Chateau, Mont., on the charge of killing game out of season. He gave bail to appear Sept. 7. He says he can prove his innocence.

WILL MAKE DEMONSTRATION.

American Warships Are on Their Way to Turkish Waters—Vice Consul Magelssen Not Assassinated, Though the Attempt Was Made.



CAPTAIN CHARLES S. COTTON, U.S.N.

The report that William C. Magelssen, United States vice consul at Beirut, Syria, was killed, happily proves to have been an error. An attempt to assassinate him was made, but the bullets fired by his unknown assailant did not touch him.

The fact that assassination was attempted, however, and that Americans in other parts of the sultan's domain are reported to be in peril owing to another outbreak of fanaticism, is held by the cabinet at Washington to justify the President in his determination to permit the small European squadron to continue on its way to Turkish waters. The presence of these warships close to the scene of Turkish outbreaks will not be a menace necessarily and may serve to expedite the motions of the Turkish government, which is usually dilatory in granting any demands that are not backed up by a show of force.

The gravity of the situation in the Balkans, it is thought, will render the sultan particularly anxious to placate and pacify the United States. There is no doubt that at bottom the Syrian assassination and the Macedonian troubles are traceable to the same cause. Unfortunately the solution of the Balkan problem would not remove the constant danger to which foreign missionaries and residents are exposed in Asiatic Turkey. Mr. Gladstone passionately advocated the expulsion of the Turk from Europe, "bag and baggage," and sooner or later, all statesmen agree, that remedy will have to be applied by the selfish and badly divided "concert." But we cannot hope for the complete destruction of the Turkish empire. The question of missionary activity in Turkey is as serious as that of the Chinese missions. Meantime our right to amend and reparation, the state department realizes, must be enforced with the

utmost resolution compatible with sense and self-respect.

An urgent appeal has reached the state department from the American board of missions at Boston that immediate steps be taken for the protection of the American citizens at Harpoot. The board's dispatches from there represent the situation as extremely grave.

There are at the Euphrates college at Harpoot fourteen American teachers, besides women and children and property to the value of \$100,000. There is an American college at Beirut, in which are a number of American teachers.

The expressions of Turkish regret at the attempted assassination of the American vice consul, which have been ample and doubtless sincere, are not satisfactory to the United States. While this country is not likely to demand an indemnity it will demand full protection for all its officials, and Turkey may be called upon to salute the flag. Acting Secretary of State Loomis said:

"The European squadron will proceed to Beirut, not primarily for the purpose of demanding an apology or satisfaction for the attempt on the life of one of its officials, but for the purpose of protecting the lives of American citizens in Turkish territory. Life and property are in grave danger. All foreign ministers at Constantinople have notified their governments of the critical situation, and some have requested the presence of warships for the purpose of affording ample protection to all foreigners in Turkey. According to diplomatic representatives the situation is extremely grave and all foreigners are in danger of being murdered by infuriated and fanatical Turks."

The British foreign office states that Great Britain certainly will not

and that it is not likely that any other power will raise an objection to summary action on the part of the United States in connection with the attempted assassination of Vice Consul Magelssen, no matter what procedure the state department at Washington may consider most advisable. It is pointed out that the United States is independent of European agreements respecting Turkey, and that no matter what policy she may adopt it will not be intervention in the international affairs of Turkey.

It is officially stated that the dispatch of the American squadron to Beirut will not be regarded by France or the other European powers as having any political significance in connection with the near eastern situation. It is pointed out that the United States has always refrained from taking part in the near eastern complications, the European powers assuming the burden of that question. A leading French official likened the presence of an American squadron in Turkish waters to the demonstration made by the British and German warships in Venezuelan waters.

A semi-official statement, published at Berlin concerning the attack on the United States vice consul at Beirut, says:

"Should Turkey ask the advice of the imperial government in this matter the imperial government would not fail to impress on the former the necessity for giving the American government the fullest satisfaction.

"The action of the Washington government is considered to be entirely correct and according to the traditions of the American republic. International complications in consequence of the American demonstration are not expected, for neither France nor Russia, which has always considered Asia Minor to be under the special

of certain persons, who hired the man to shoot him.

"It is notorious in Beirut that no Moslem can be punished for killing a Christian. I do not apprehend any uprising in Syria on account of the Mohammedan insurrection. The visit of the American fleet will have a most wholesome effect, and it would be well if an American ship could be permanently stationed on the Syrian coast.

"The American missionaries and professors of the Protestant college in Beirut have always taught the people loyalty to their sovereign and obedience to the laws, and the Americans residing in Turkey have, almost without exception, been regarded by the government and people as pursuing legitimate, peaceful avocations and desiring only the good of the people."

Lipton Had Flags Changed.

It was noticed that shortly after Sir Thomas arrived at the Oriental hotel, Manhattan beach, the other evening, an Irish flag which adorned the main entrance to the diningroom was removed. In the party which accompanied Sir Thomas were the earl and countess of Shaftesbury. The yachtman on entering held a few moments' conversation with a waiter and a little later the Irish flag was replaced by the British union jack. Sir Thomas, it is understood, would have had no objection to the green banner if it had borne a crown in addition to the harp, but as the hotel was without any piece of bunting with the double decoration the change was made.

Fall in Alpine Crevasse.

Herbert K. Mainzer, an experienced young American Alpinist, and his guide have had a remarkable escape

UNITED STATES MINISTER LEISHMAN.



JOHN G. A. LEISHMAN

John G. A. Leishman, United States minister to Turkey, whose duty it will be to press the claims of the United States, and to demand immediate reparation for the attempted assassination of Vice Consul Magelssen, has had a short, but active, diplomatic career.

In 1897 he was made minister to Switzerland, and two years ago was transferred to Turkey. The kidnaping of Miss Ellen Stone, and pressing financial claims of this country against Abdul Hamid, as well as the general turmoil in Turkey, has given him a very busy two years. Minister Leishman is one of the many Carnegie millionaires, was president of the Carnegie company from 1894 to 1896, and is the confidential friend and protege of Andrew Carnegie. His home is in Pittsburg.

protection of France, which takes similar cognizance of Syria, will interfere."

No Popular Uprising Feared.

Dr. H. H. Jessup, who recently returned to his home of Montrose, Pa., from Beirut, Turkey, in speaking of the attempted assassination of Vice Consul Magelssen, said there is no evidence of any popular uprising in Beirut against either Christian foreigners or Americans. There is no special hostility to Americans in Syria, not even among Mohammedans, the leading Mohammedans of Beirut being among our best friends. "I have received," he said, "a letter from a prominent Mohammedan in Beirut, congratulating me on the fact that my son is going to preach the gospel in Persia, though he says he would have preferred that he came to Syria. The murderous attack on Mr. Magelssen was, so far as I can judge, not from any popular uprising, but the work of some individual, acting either through personal revenge or hired to do the deed by some unknown persons.

"Our consuls are instructed to protect American citizens. Consul Randal and his brother-in-law, Vice Consul Magelssen, were most active in securing the rights of every Syrian who brought proofs of his American citizenship. There were frequent cases of defending Syrian Americans, in almost all of which Mr. Magelssen had been prominent, and this may have awakened the personal hostility

near St. Moritz. On the Morteratsch, twenty minutes below the summit, while ascending the steepest ice slope the center suddenly caved in, forming a crevasse more than 150 feet in depth. Both were dashed to the bottom, with masses of ice towering above them. Both guide and tourist lost consciousness. They were missed by a party ahead, who lowered themselves into the cavern and found the American uninjured. The guide was somewhat hurt by the ice blocks.

Schley Made Himself Popular.

Admiral Schley attended the yacht races as guest of the New York Yacht club, but managed to keep himself in the background in spite of efforts to lionize him. While on board the club steamer Monmouth he carefully avoided sailor talk and made landlubbers happy by saying "Let's go downstairs" instead of "Let's go below." He even wore a derby hat instead of the yachting cap affected by most of the other men on board.

Suit Interests Lawyers.

Dr. Weissberger, a prominent surgeon of Frankfurt, Germany, was so severely injured in a railroad accident some time ago that he had to cease practicing his profession. His claim for damages was submitted to a court of law, which has decreed that the doctor shall receive annually from the company 17,000 marks (about \$4,000). The character of the award rather than the amount has attracted attention among lawyers generally.

MAP OF THE DISTURBED TERRITORY.



The Two Captains

By W. CLARK RUSSELL.

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CHAPTER III. The Burglary.

Twelve days had passed since the foregoing, Approaching Margate roads was a small sloop with a great mainsail swelling at her mast, which was stayed in the most unsightly manner aft.

Crystal and Pope stood together near the long tiller over which Bobbin was hanging, gazing at the scene around them.

"I have been turning the matter over, Crystal," said Pope, "and I'm certain our best chance lies in bringing up off Margate and sending the boat round to Dumpton Gap to wait for us after we've landed. If this sloop comes within sight of the Ramillies she'll be sending a boat."

"You're right, in keeping out of sight of that there Ramillies, gents," exclaimed Bobbin. "I don't know a ship-of-war where a brighter lookout's kept."

Presently the sloop was within an easy pull of Margate town. Here Captain Pope brought her to a stand, and the boat was launched. Pope and Crystal had talked long and earnestly. All was settled and nothing remained but to go ashore, get the plate, and sail away for Hamburg.

There were three men and Captain Pope; these were to go in the boat, leaving Crystal to see to the sloop, whose canvas they had snugged for him. The three were to plunder poor Miss Hornby, and Captain Pope, her nephew, was one of them.

When the boat reached the shore he stepped out, and the hired men, one of them named Steve merely, the other called Maddison, followed.

It was drawing on to midnight when Pope and his men came to a gate in a tall hedge. Pope pushed open the gate, and the three walked swiftly to the house, using one side of an emerald sward that was divided by a nar-



They left the man-of-warsman lying dead.

row path of gravel; so that their footfalls were as a cat's.

A bar was thrust into the keyhole, all three stormed and sweated, and immediately amid a great noise of the rending of bolts and the splintering of wood, the door flew open. There was no light in the night to flow in through the doorway, and the passage was in pitch darkness. Pope, though not a professional burglar, had provided for this. He pulled out of his pocket a little engine whose invention belonged to that age. It consisted of a trigger and a flint, and when the trigger leaped a clear flame sprang. At this flame the Captain lighted a piece of candle.

He then sprang up a narrow staircase. Pope could not err in deciding which of the two doors that stood before him belonged to his aunt's room; he entered, and by his candlelight saw the figure of the poor old lady stretched in a fit upon her back on the floor. Alas, poor old Miss Hornby! her seventy-one years could not support the shock of a burglary, and she lay as dead in a swoon in her nightgown and nightcap.

Pope dragged down the window-blind and lighted a candle in a stick, then, casting a glance at the lean high perched nose that shot out between the closed eyes and the disordered frills of the nightcap, he seized the candlestick and ran to the door.

Voices were to be heard upstairs. "Now come you down quietly and we won't hurt you. Put on a putti-coat and bear a hand."

"Bring her down," roared Pope. He held high his candlestick and there descended a narrow, wooden uncarpeted staircase the shape of a female in a flannel petticoat, the rest of her apparel being that of the bed. She was a middle-aged female, and was indeed the only servant Miss Hornby kept, or perhaps could afford to keep. She was of a dreadful whiteness and her eyes shone like fire.

"We don't want your life," rattled out Captain Pope, speaking behind his mask. "Where does your mistress keep her plate? Take us to it."

The wretched woman fell upon her knees. "Oh, don't ask me!" she shrieked. "Must I?" she yelped hysterically.

"Up you get," said Maddison, hoisting her on to her legs. "You must, and if you don't and at once, I know where that knife's kept which—"

On this, with a flinging carriage and awful air of distress, the unhappy woman moved down the staircase in ghastly silence, Pope and the seamen following closely. She opened the door of a room that might have been the parlor, and pointing to a great cupboard that stood out from the wall like that article or furniture they call a wardrobe, she said in a whisper, "You'll find it there," and instantly sank speechless upon the floor in a kind of fit.

Pope rushed to the cupboard. It was locked, of course; they pried the door open in a minute, and there on three shelves was arranged a quantity of handsome, massive plate, mostly of old pattern. They found tableclothes and quilts and very rapidly they made up the plate into three weighty loads, none, however, too heavy for a stout fellow to carry with ease, and Pope took care not to leave a mustard-spoon behind him.

CHAPTER IV. The March to the Sea.

When they left the cottage they shut the house door, securing it by a wedge. Not a living shape moved in any direction. "Come now," says Pope, "and let's step out lads."

They got into the road, every man with a heavy bundle of plate over his shoulder, and started at a walk that came near to a trot. By-and-by they came to a narrow turning which they took, and skirting the little town of Broadstairs, they entered some undulating fields, sinking and rising over which went a tape-like path.

"Look," says Steve, coming to a stand, "ain't those two men ahead yonder lookouts?"

Captain Pope, after a prolonged

stare at the shapes which were growing in the gloom and therefore approaching, cried out with one of those oaths he was so free with, "I believe I see their muskets. Are they armed? If so they are blockaders and we must cut them down or be taken."

"Not by two," says Maddison, and he struck the pistol in his breast.

The line of path rose and fell. There was not a bush behind which the three could conceal themselves. But since the approaching men were plain in view, the three also must have been seen by them. It was useless to turn aside.

"Shove right on," says Pope, "and leave me to do the talking. They may not be what I think."

He set his teeth and they trudged on, grotesque in bulk with their bundles. The approaching men were walking leisurely. Not until they were within pistol shot, so unsatisfying was the light, could Pope make sure that each carried a musket on his shoulder, that they were sailors, a couple of blockaders, in short, from the man-of-war in the Downs. They stopped and one challenged Pope's party.

"You're out late, bo's. Where 'e bound to. Are them your kits on your backs?"

"We're bound for Ramsgate," Pope answered. "I'm master of a ship lying in the Downs, and these are two of my men. Good-night. Let's pass you."

And he made as if he would advance.

"What's in them bundles?" asked one of the man-of-warsmen gruffly and determinedly. "Come, we must find that out."

"These bundles contain property of my own," said Pope, speaking coolly. "See here we 'ave three to two, and shall we ask you to give us or ourselves a chance? Why, my hearts, though we serve under different flags, we are sailors all. Here's ten guineas to divide between you."

He dropped his bundle to get the money, and the plate clanked as it smote the hard path.

"Take this," said he, pulling out a long leather purse, "and let us be gone as peaceably disposed men in the name of the King."

The seamen answered with a menacing movement of their muskets. One of them then drove his bayonet into the bundle Pope had dropped, and said:

"It's metal, Tom."

"Down with them bundles," said the other man-of-warsman to Steve and Maddison, and he stepped close to them, holding his musket dangerously.

"If it must be," shouted Pope, "Steve, Maddison, this is for your lives; have at them."

He was a man of great strength and commanding figure. He drew his knife, springing with nervous murderous violence upon the man-of-warsman who had pricked his bundle. He caught the leveled bayonet in one hand, and went twisting with the musket on to the unfortunate seaman, who, shrieking, "Tom, he's done for me!" fell at his whole length across the path.

Steve and Maddison and grappled with the other man-of-warsman, and Steve had whipped out his iron jemmy meaning to brain the man; but when the seaman fell to Captain Pope's blow and cried out, his mate, leaving his musket in the hands of his assailants, broke from them like smoke, and fled across the fields in the direction of the sea.

They left the man-of-warsman lying dead, stretched across the narrow pathway. The figure of the running seaman had disappeared in the gloom upon the fields.

They shouldered their heavy loads and went away at a rapid trot for Dumpton Gap, which, in about ten minutes' time they turned into and descended.

As they neared the bottom, where they might see the faint yellow shadow of the sands stretching into the white line of surf. It was a quarter to four.

"Daybreak!" shouted Pope, "and as I live, there's the boat."

Captain Pope had no need to hail the boat; Bobbin instantly saw them and stood up, simply lifting his arm, then, with incredible activity, he drew in his fishing line and, springing over the bows, dragged the anchor into the boat, and all in a minute, the little fabric came sculling toward that part of the sand where the three men were standing.

Pope directed his eyes to the right and to the left of the range of cliffs; not a human soul looked down. But the flying man-of-warsman must have already gained Broadstairs, and by this time the alarm would be raised.

"Has the blockade a station at Broadstairs?" said Pope, hoarse with fatigue and the passions which were plowing up his soul.

The others, not knowing, made no answer. It was blowing a small air of wind out of the West. Three vessels, lying abreast about a mile and a half distant, were getting under way. There was no life of shipping visible to the men, save those three vessels.

"Got it all right?" said Bobbin, as he sculled the stem of the boat through the racings of thin surf on to the sand.

"Ay," was the answer. "In with you swiftly. A man's been killed!"

The three heavy bundles were thrown into the boat and the captain and his men tumbled in after them.

"Where's the sloop?" asked Pope.

"Round the corner," answered Bobbin, polling off.

"They'll be running from Broadstairs to trap us here," said Captain Pope. "Lie low in the bottom of the boat, that only the man who's been fishing may be seen."

Bobbin kept a lookout and reported as he sculled. The boat went slowly.

"Have you opened Broadstairs yet?" said Pope at the bottom of the boat.

"Yes, sir."

"What do you see?"

"Some fishing craft and a bunch of wherries just off the pier."

"Nothing in motion?"

(To be continued.)

A "CHIMNEY" OF BABEL.

Antwerp Village Possesses the Tallest Factory Shaft.

Hoboken, a village on the Scheldt, a few miles above Antwerp, and connected with it by river, rail and tram, boasts to-day of possessing the tallest factory shaft in the world. It was completed last year and can readily be distinguished from Antwerp, rising above the distant trees. Its height is 410 feet (6 feet higher than St. Paul's cathedral), its inside base diameter 26 feet, and that at its summit 12 feet. The walls begin with a thickness of 6½ feet, but at the top have dwindled to a single Flemish brick, and measure only 7½ inches. Eight great underground flues connect the monster with the smelting furnaces it is built to serve; they are high enough for a man to walk in. One hundred feet above the ground the shaft is circled with an immense reservoir, carried on stone corbels, which feed the works with water at a constant pressure. This chimney has been built for a company that carries on the unusual business of melting down pig lead to extract the small amount of silver it contains. Interest and consideration for others dictated the unusual proportions of the shaft; for not only were the furnace fumes found noxious to neighboring vegetation, but also it was discovered that to condense the heavy smoke and wash the soot for escaping silver was a profitable course to adopt.

Brief, but Pithy.

A characteristic story of the late Sir Hector Macdonald is just told. Always a man of few words, when sending his only son to a public school for the first time he addressed the following brief note to the headmaster: "Herewith boy Hector, to be made a man of."

Illinois News Items

State Happenings Succinctly Told by Our Special Correspondents

DEMAND FOR REGULAR SERVICE

Residents of Central City Ask for One Train a Day.

A peculiar suit is now pending in the local courts at the village of Central City, a suburb to Centralia. The Illinois Southern railway uses the tracks of the Illinois Central through Centralia and one mile north to the junction, which takes its trains through the village of Central City. One of the trackage agreements with the Illinois Central is that the Illinois Southern will do no local business between Centralia and that village. The Illinois Central has almost abandoned the place as a station for its own trains, which is resented by the people of that village. They have brought suit against the Illinois Southern to compel that company to stop its trains at that place under the state law requiring railroad companies to run one train a day each way over their own line and leased lines. The question in this case will be whether or not the trackage agreement the Illinois Central has made with the Southern will constitute a leased line.

FORTUNE IN NAME.

The possession of a rather unusual name led to the revelation of the secret of Miss Tiona King's parentage, the discovery of relatives and the inheritance of a small fortune. Miss King is aged 16 and is the adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. King, well-known residents of Bloomington. She was born in Leroy. Her mother died shortly after her birth, leaving the child the name of Tiona as her only inheritance. The father



MISS TIONA KING

disappeared before the birth of the babe and has never been heard from. Recently Miss Bell Craig of Leroy noted an item in a local paper that Miss Tiona King was entertaining a few friends from Chicago. It developed that Miss Tiona was heiress to a tract of twenty-seven acres of valuable land at the edge of Kimmunity which had been willed by her grandfather to her mother and upon the latter's death to the child. It had been supposed that all the heirs were dead and the discovery of the existence of the grandchild in Bloomington created great surprise.

Are Determined to Have Fair.

At a special meeting of the Alton city council the petition of what is said to be 95 per cent of the business men asking that the use of the streets be granted to the carnival club for street fair purposes for a week, beginning Sept. 14, was refused. As the business men have already signed a contract with the carnival company, they will have to pay, and it has been decided to have the fair in some park or possibly in North Alton.

Apple Growers' Delegates.

C. H. Williamson of Quincy, Dr. J. R. Lambert of Coatesburg and I. D. Snedeker of Jerseyville have been appointed to represent the Mississippi valley apple growers' association at the annual convention of the American pomological society to be held in Boston, Mass., Sept. 10-11-12.

Raises Money for Church.

At the fish fry at Mount Zion M. E. church southeast of Pana a quilt made by Mrs. Louvina Kerschner and bearing 150 names was sold to Rev. T. F. Shouse for \$10. The names were worked on the quilt for ten cents each, making a total of \$15 for the names, or \$25 for the quilt.

Brakeman Falls From Caboose.

David J. McGrath, a brakeman on a Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis gravel train, accidentally fell from the back of a caboose near Forest City. He died of his injuries.

Pastor Makes a Change.

Rev. W. H. Harding has resigned as pastor of the Taylorville Christian church and has accepted a call to the Christian church at Warrensburg, Macon county.

Rodenberg to Speak.

Congressman Rodenberg has written a letter accepting the invitation to deliver an address at the unveiling of the Bond county soldiers' monument in Greenville Sept. 19. Gov. Yates will also be present.

Preacher's Widow is Insane.

Mrs. Margaret Slater of Bunker Hill, widow of Rev. William Slater, who was a Seventh Day Adventist preacher, was adjudged insane and sent to the Jacksonville hospital for treatment.

BALM FOR A WOUNDED HEART.

Young Woman May Bring Suit Against Man Who Jilted Her.

Miss Freda Parks, residing east of Springfield, who went to Washington, Ind., to marry F. S. Slosson, with whom, she claims, she was engaged to be married, and whom she found had married another girl, is in consultation with attorneys and says she will bring suit for breach of promise, in which judgment will be prayed for \$10,000. She claims she was engaged to be married to Slosson next month. Miss Parks says Slosson was recently married to Miss Sue Gardner, daughter of Judge W. R. Gardner, an Indiana jurist.

Sunday-School Convention.

The forty-second annual convention of the Christian County Sunday-school association elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, M. R. Wetzel, Stonington; vice president, E. P. Rankin, Morrisonville; treasurer, J. A. Bickerdike, Millersville; superintendent of normal department, Miss Carrie Kigg, Edinburg; superintendent primary department, Miss Mabel Torrey, Taylorville. A purse of \$500 was voted to H. P. Hart, president of the state Sunday-school association, to defray his expenses to the international convention, to be held at Jerusalem next year.

Bond County Assessment.

The Bond county board of review has practically completed its work, with the result that a total of \$128,018 has been added to the assessment. The greater part of this is the result of a raise in the valuation of Bond county land. Town lots in the village of Smithboro were alone raised \$6,319. The investigation of the mortgage record resulted in finding about \$9,000 which had not been given in to the assessor. Last year one prosecution for perjury followed the investigation of the board, but no tax-dodging is reported this year.

Gambling Trust.

The gambling houses, poolroom and slot machine business of Springfield have been combined under one head. Sept. 7 the grand jury meets and an upheaval is promised. About twelve men who operate slot machines of their own and refuse to pay 35 per cent of their profits to the combine are ready to fight the combine, and if the grand jury investigates there may be scores of indictments. The citizens are interesting themselves and pressure will be brought to bear to have the grand jury defend the law.

Record of Longevity.

An unusual record for longevity is furnished by the Sawyer family of Alton, a member of which, Mrs. Emily Sawyer Pierce, was buried recently. Her father was Benjamin Sawyer, who was born in Connecticut in December, 1761; the daughter died in August, 1903, making a span of 142 years, covered by the lives of father and daughter. Of Benjamin Sawyer's children, two lived to be more than 90 years of age and four others lived to be more than 85.

High School Bonds.

The Centralia township high school board has issued a call for an election on Sept. 10 to vote on the proposition to issue a series of thirty-five bonds of \$1,000 each, bearing 4½ per cent interest, for the purpose of building a township high school. The people recently voted to issue the bonds at 4 per cent, but the capitalists refused to take them at that low rate.

Finds Sons After Years.

After being separated from his sons for nineteen years, Valentine Tom-jask of DuBois was reunited with them at Ewing, Neb. Unable to speak English, the old man reached Union, Neb., instead of Ewing, Neb., without money and unable to tell where he wished to go. His sons read newspaper accounts of his predicament and telegraphed for his father.

Escape Jail at Cairo.

Three prisoners broke jail at the city jail at Cairo and escaped. They were Thomas Bishop, who struck Mrs. Carmody; Mose Casey and Ben Page, the latter just recently discharged from the penitentiary. They got out of the rear cage into the corridor and escaped through the skylight.

Silver Wedding.

Hon. John H. Duncan, one of the commissioners of the southern Illinois penitentiary, and wife, have celebrated their silver wedding. Mr. Duncan is ex-county superintendent of Williamson county schools, and in connection with the wedding anniversary entertained the county institute.

Gov. Yates Declines.

Gov. Richard Yates, who was to have spoken at Alton Sept. 22 at an emancipation proclamation celebration, writes that he will not attend because the colored people have arranged rival celebrations and were advertising him to speak at both.

Bull Gores a Farmer.

Henry C. Meyers, a prominent farmer of Missouri Point, Alton, was gored by a vicious bull and badly injured. The bull attacked a small boy and Mr. Meyers went to his rescue.

ROMANCE MAY DWELL IN BOTTLE

Note Written in Cumberland Mountains Is Found by Illinois Woman.

Charles A. Miller, an Alton business man, was in the Cumberland mountains in Tennessee in July with some companions, and on July 11 the crowd wrote a note, signed their names and addresses thereto, and put it in a bottle, which, after being securely corked, was thrown into a small mountain stream. On August 25 the bottle was picked up 1,000 miles away from its starting place, on the Illinois side of the river, by Miss Helen Culver of Brookport, Ill., who has written to Mr. Miller of the find. It is rumored that a romance may yet grow out of the matter, as Mr. Miller is a well-to-do bachelor.

G. A. R. ADJUTANT.

Charles A. Partridge, who has been appointed adjutant general of the G. A. R. of the United States by Commander in Chief Black, is a resident of Waukegan, and one of the best-known men in the state. For several years prior to 1896 he was a member of the Republican state central committee and secretary of the organization. He has been a member of the G. A. R. almost from its inception. For many years he has been adjutant



CHAS. A. PARTRIDGE

general of the Illinois department of the G. A. R. As adjutant general now in General Black's staff, he is secretary of the national organization.

Breach of Promise Suit.

Suit for \$15,000 damages for alleged breach of promise of marriage was instituted in the circuit court at Cairo by Mrs. Nellie De Vitt against her brother-in-law, John McRea, a retired farmer living near Rector, Ark. The two met at Cairo by appointment, and Mrs. De Vitt insisted that the marriage occur at once. To this McRea objected. Mrs. De Vitt then consulted an attorney and papers in the suit were drawn up. Later McRea was arrested on an ugly charge preferred by Mrs. De Vitt and lodged in jail. Mrs. De Vitt says that since the death of her sister, McRea's wife, some years ago, she has acted as his housekeeper. Both are past middle age.

Trips on Loose Board.

While attending the county Sunday school convention at Owaneco James Cox, aged about 60 years and one of the wealthiest residents of Pana, tripped on a loose board in the sidewalk and fell to the ground. His whole weight came upon his left hand, which was punctured near the center of the palm by a rusty nail. He had the injury dressed immediately, but his hand is in a serious condition.

W. C. T. U. Officers.

The Bond county W. C. T. U. convention, in session at Dudleyville, has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. R. H. Elam; corresponding secretary, Mrs. E. C. Smith; recording secretary, Miss Ella Hynes; treasurer, Mrs. W. A. Gallaher; auditor, Mrs. Don Graff.

Prepare for State Fair.

Work of putting up strands of incandescent lights on both sides of the principal business streets has begun preparatory to the illumination of Springfield during state fair week, which begins Sept. 26. Work on the new buildings at the fair grounds is being pushed rapidly.

Losses Two Fingers.

Ed Wilson, son of Wesley Wilson of Pana, had two fingers cut off by the sickle of a mowing machine from which he was endeavoring to clear some rubbish.

New Game Warden.

D. W. Merry, a prominent farmer of Central township, has been appointed game warden for Bond county.

Material for New Road.

Material for the construction of the new electric railway between Charleston and Mattoon is arriving in large quantities and is being unloaded along the right of way. The line is expected to be in operation before Jan. 1.

Engine Injures Man.

James B. Cyphers of Springfield was struck by a Chicago & Alton switch engine, knocked down and seriously injured. He was badly cut and taken to St. John's hospital.

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 M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.
 FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1903.

Municipal Lighting in Cleveland.

It appears that the city of Cleveland has undertaken to go further than either Chicago or Detroit in the operation of a municipal electric lighting plant. It proposes to supply light and power to private consumers and not merely to light the streets and public buildings. The project formed one of the planks in the platform upon which Mayor Johnson and a majority of the council were elected in the spring, and one of the first acts of the new administration was the introduction of an ordinance providing for the issue of \$200,000 in bonds for the erection of the required plant. The ordinance met with a temporary defeat in the council, but there is apparently a strong majority favoring the experiment—very nearly the necessary two-thirds.

The opposition was strengthened by a report made by a special committee of the Cleveland chamber of commerce, which condemned the measure on the ground that municipal electric lighting was neither a proper city function nor a success; that the cost would exceed the estimates, and that the project was in the nature of unfair competition with a private company, the report further adding that ample power exists in the council, through its ability to control rates and charges, to accomplish any results which might accrue through a municipal plant.

At a recent meeting of the council Mayor Johnson proposed that as the opposition to the electric lighting ordinance was avowedly based upon the opposition of the public the matter should be submitted to the voters at a special election. After some opposition this method of settling the problem was accepted, and the special election is to be held soon. At this election a two-thirds majority of the voters must favor the experiment or it cannot be tried. The results of this election will be watched with keen interest by the public, which is just now giving not a little attention to the various phases of the question of municipal ownership of public utilities.

Our Trade With Russia.

Commerce between the United States and Russia made its highest record in the last fiscal year. In both exports to and imports from Russia the figures for the year just ended are larger than at any time within the last twenty years, and the grand total of imports and exports combined is larger than any year in the history of our commerce with that country.

A statement regarding the commerce of the United States with Russia, presented by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, shows that the total exports to Russia in the year ended June 30 aggregated \$17,006,512. This total is nearly double that of the exports in 1901 and about 50 per cent in excess of those of 1902. Imports also show a marked growth for the past year, and the total for the year is greater than in any preceding year in the history of our trade with Russia.

The record of the year 1903 shows a larger total of exports to Russia than in any preceding year except 1883 and a larger total of imports from Russia than in any preceding year, while the total commerce (imports and exports combined) with Russia was larger in the fiscal year 1903 than in any preceding year.

A rather clever variation of the "gold brick" scheme is being practiced in England by those afflicted with the get rich quick fever. They represent that they are able to smuggle gold dust from convicts working in Siberian mines, and they offer the precious substance to probable purchasers at better than bargain counter cut rates. They submit samples of genuine gold dust, but when a substantial order is obtained and the price asked has been paid brass filings are substituted. This scheme is clever enough to have been originated by a genuine Yankee.

A Pennsylvania father whose son died of lockjaw from a toy pistol wound has sued the dealer who sold the pistol for \$5,000 damages on the claim that the pistol was defective and scattered the cap in all directions. Whether or not this particular pistol was defective, it is evident that many of them are altogether too effective.

Chief Ghirdjikoff, General Tzoncheff, Captain Majdjaroff and Colonel Gievgyeli are directing the Macedonian revolution. The Washington Post suggests that some man with a catarrh remedy get busy on these names.

When a minister of the gospel assists in laying the cornerstone of a theater, an event which recently occurred in Pittsburg, the ultimate elevation of the stage appears to be assured.

The discovery of a counterfeit of the dollar silver certificate will interest a great many more people than the re-

cent announcement of the counterfeiting of a five dollar bill.

King Edward might complete the pacification of Ireland by making a friendly visit to New York city.

While London refuses to recognize the Dakota brand of divorce, it still accepts the Newport variety.

Sellum is the name of the new metal discovered by a Frenchman in Germany, which, it is said, will cost only one-twelfth as much as aluminum and is lighter and stronger, while it takes a good polish and does not rust. It may be useful in building air ships and the next cup defender.

From London comes the report that the estate left by Cardinal Vaughan, who died last June, is valued at only \$3,715. Evidently the cardinal did not devote much attention to laying up treasures on earth.

It is rather surprising that the sultan, instead of buying war ships, does not supply his enemies with Turkish cigarettes if he really wants to accomplish their speedy overthrow.

Vice Admiral Cervera having resigned his position as chief of staff of the Spanish navy, the world hastens to ask what there is left of that glorious armada.

One of the best shots in Kentucky has just died a natural death. It is said that his relatives are overcome by the disgrace.

The recent West Indian hurricane appears to have been full of Jamaica ginger.

The Law's Delay and Lynching.

In a significant utterance on the alarming prevalence of mob rule and lynching and the remedy therefor Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court renews his suggestion made some years ago for the doing away with appeals in criminal cases. He points out that for a hundred years there was no appeal from judgment of conviction in criminal cases in our federal courts and no review except in a few cases, two justices sitting. A difference of opinion on a question of law was certified to the supreme court. In England, he observes, there is no appeal in criminal cases, although a question of law may be reserved by the presiding judge for the consideration of his colleagues.

Justice Brewer's recommendation is a tacit recognition of the fact that the courts are in part to blame for the spread and prevalence of the lynching mania. The constitutional right to a speedy trial which is guaranteed to the accused by the constitution inheres also to the public, which is the accuser. Courts are sometimes overruled and brushed aside by mobs for the reason that speedy trials are not granted. Frequently judges show too much tenderness for the criminal, even when his guilt is clear, and too little for the public, which has been wronged in the person of the criminal's victim.

Criminal prosecutions fail in their main purpose and are comparative failures when judges regard the courts as agencies for the punishment of criminals and not for the prevention of crime. Justice, to have any deterring effect, must be swift as well as sure. The present administration of criminal law gives too much scope to the skilled criminal lawyer. It is most difficult and expensive to convict a criminal who can raise the money to pay the cost of carrying on a long and tedious legal controversy over the "points" which a criminal lawyer of the first rank can always discover and raise in his client's favor, altogether independent of the question of his guilt.

It is hardly probable that appeals in criminal cases will ever be altogether abolished, nor is it clear that they ought to be, since judges are fallible.

Young Plants

Every farmer knows that some plants grow better than others. Soil may be the same and seed may seem the same but some plants are weak and others strong.

And that's the way with children. They are like young plants. Same food, same home, same care but some grow big and strong while others stay small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion offers an easy way out of the difficulty. Child weakness often means starvation, not because of lack of food, but because the food does not feed.

Scott's Emulsion really feeds and gives the child growing strength.

Whatever the cause of weakness and failure to grow—Scott's Emulsion seems to find it and set the matter right.

Send for free sample. Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., New York 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Half-Sick

"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1848. Since then I have taken it every spring as a blood-purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine."
 S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

If you feel run down, are easily tired, if your nerves are weak and your blood is thin, then begin to take the good old standard family medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It's a regular nerve lifter, a perfect blood builder. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
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but appeals should be greatly restricted and made very much less common. It is apparent that there is urgently needed a judicial reform that will permit the machinery of justice to move with greater celerity and sureness.

Germany's Military Establishment.

It is reported from Berlin upon what seems to be good authority that the kaiser has determined to ask the reichstag for an increase in the permanent military establishment of 39,000 men, to be organized into two army corps, thus raising Germany's standing army to about 647,000 officers and men. The cost of the increased charge is estimated at \$9,400,000, exclusive of equipment, making a grand total of \$142,240,000 a year. The kaiser's alleged desire to be able to defy the universe may justify such military preparation, but the United States seems to be holding its own as a world power with an army of 70,000. Unless the soldiers of the emperor are better shots than were the gunners of the vessels on the Venezuelan blockade the efficiency of the German grenadier may well be doubted.

An Impromptu Explanation.

The learned Porson was staying at one time with a well known canon of Ely named Jeremiah King. One day at dinner, when they had got into discussion upon questions of etymology, Porson gave a derivation which King considered to be so far fetched as to be quite ridiculous. "You might as well say," said King, "that my name is connected with cucumber." Possibly there was a cucumber on the table. "And so it is," said Porson. "How so?" asked King. "Why, thus: Jeremiah King, by contraction Jerry King; Jerry King, by contraction and metathesis Gherkin, and gherkin, we know, is a cucumber pickled."

A NAVAL ACADEMY DAY.

The Rigid Routine That Rules the Middles' Waking Hours.

Let us look for a moment at the division of time in a week in the academy. The morning gun awakens the young midshipman at 6 o'clock. He has thirty-five minutes to dress and appear for roll call. When this is over he and his comrades march at once to breakfast. It is then about twenty minutes before 7 o'clock. After breakfast a short prayer is offered by the chaplain. The meal is over by 7:30, and then there is the sick call. Twenty minutes later the midshipmen must be in their rooms ready to go to their first recreation. At 7:55 they form and march to their classes in squads. At 8 o'clock they are called to order in their classrooms.

The actual work of the day has begun early, and there has been no lagging or loafing. At the Naval academy the midshipmen are trained to walk with a quick step and at a lively gait. The men in the class squads—from six to twelve each—march two abreast and in close formation. It does not take them long to go from one building to another. For each midshipman there are three recitation periods of two hours each. Half of each period is devoted to study, half to actual recitation in class. The first period is from 8 to 10 o'clock in the morning, the second period from 10:15 to 12:15 o'clock and the third period from 2 o'clock to 4 in the afternoon. Between 12:15 and 2 o'clock the midshipmen eat their dinner and have a few minutes afterward for rest. At 4 o'clock all the class work is over, but not the work of the day, for then comes the call to drill.

Drill lasts an hour and a half, and it is work, too, for the naval officer must know thoroughly the infantry and artillery practice of the soldier as well as his own particular branch of the profession of being ready to fight. When his task is over at 5:30 the midshipman has an hour and a half of recreation. This is the playtime of the day. The boys are then on the athletic field engaged in football or baseball practice, depending on the time of the year; sailing in catboats on the harbor or indulging in other amusements that they may choose. But during that hour they are still under the rules governing general conduct.

When 6:55 comes the men are called to supper, and at 7:30 the midshipmen must be in their rooms again and at their books. The study period is two hours long. There is a half hour's relaxation before bedtime, during which the young men may visit each other's rooms, but at 10 o'clock all lights must be out.

For five days in the week this is the unvarying routine, with the exception

of two hours' liberty Wednesday afternoon for the first class. On Saturday and Sunday there is a change. Varying with the length of time which they have spent in the academy, liberty is granted to all midshipmen on these two days of the week. The members of all four classes are permitted to leave the grounds after the roll call to dinner, but they must return before the formation for supper. After the supper call the members of the first and second classes have permission to go again beyond the academic limits, but they are required to be back by 9:30. They may or may not eat their supper at the academy mess, as they desire, but they must always report for roll call. In this way the authorities of the institution keep a finger on them.—Leslie's Weekly.

Pulitzer's School of Journalism.

The gift of a million dollars by Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, to establish a school of journalism at Columbia university is one of the notable benefactions of recent years and is to be highly commended. If journalism can be taught as the profession of law is taught, it is certainly high time that some provision for such instruction should be made. The growing importance of newspapers as social factors is reason enough for the adoption of every means that will make newspapers better. The common belief among newspaper men, however, is that the trade—few would call it a profession—can best be learned in the school of practical experience, and then only by those who have an aptitude for it.

The results of Mr. Pulitzer's experiment will be watched with keen interest, particularly by newspaper men, who, as a rule, have warmly commended it.

The recent report of the Suez Canal Company for 1902 affords an opportunity to make a contrast between the work of that canal and that of the Sault Ste. Marie canal. The result is greatly to the credit of the Suez canal, which had a tonnage of 35,961,146 as compared with 11,248,413 on the Suez. The freight of the Suez was carried in 3,708 vessels, while that of the Soo, open only seven months, was carried in 22,059 vessels. The Suez canal showed a gain of 1,500,000 tons in 1902 over 1900. But the Soo canal showed a gain of 10,300,000 tons in the same time. The traffic which passes through the Soo does not, however, constitute by any means all the commerce of the great lakes, which in recent years has grown to marvelous proportions, despite the great increase in railroad facilities.

C. & N. W. Time Card.

May 31, 1903.
 WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
Leave Chicago	Arrive Barr't'n	Leave Barr't'n	Arrive Chicago
7 45 am	8 55 am	5 25 am	6 35 am
8 05	9 05	5 50	6 55
10 50	12 00 pm	6 25	7 33
*1 25 pm	2 25	7 00	8 10
*1 30	2 50	7 25	8 25
3 40	4 50	9 37	10 30
5 01	5 55	9 40	10 50
5 21	6 29	12 30 pm	1 40 pm
5 57	7 05	2 51	3 50
6 35	7 50	6 07	7 00
8 03	9 10	6 37	7 47
11 35	12 45 am	7 00	7 50

*Saturday only.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
Leave Chicago	Arrive Barr't'n	Leave Barr't'n	Arrive Chicago
4 00 am	4 59 am	7 20 am	8 25 am
8 00	9 03	12 30 pm	1 40 pm
9 10	10 32	4 25	5 40
*1 30 pm	2 50 pm	5 45	7 00
4 45	5 58	7 35	8 25
6 35	7 50	8 38	9 25
11 35	12 45 am	9 00	10 10

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NEWS OF VICINITY

WAUCONDA.

[Continued from Page 1.]

Wauconda cemetery. We extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved father, husband and young son.

Defeated McHenry.

Saturday afternoon the Wauconda base ball team journeyed over to McHenry and demonstrated to the ball-tossers there that they needed not the empire to help them defeat McHenry. Wauconda went first to bat and the way they started in struck terror to Walsh and his support.

Two runs were registered in the 1st inning and one followed in the 2nd. The next was a blank but the 4th added one more. Two runs were registered in the 7th and one in the 8th. That was enough and Wauconda tried for no runs in the 9th.

Seger blanked the McHenry's inning after inning and they failed to place a run to their credit on the score card. Wauconda 7; McHenry 0.

Sunday the Wauconda's went to Lake Zurich and gave the Americans the first defeat of the season, Thomas outpitching his opponents at every stage of the game. The score: Wauconda 12. Americans 11.

Henry Griswold was a Waukegan caller the first of the week.

Herbert Filbert, of Palatine, is spending the week in our village.

Messrs. Frank Roney and Lew Geary transacted business in the city Monday.

Mrs. Hill and Ella are the guests of Mrs. George Glynn and family at present writing.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Carr attended the McHenry County Fair at Woodstock last Friday.

Miss Agnes Meyers, of McHenry, visited with Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman and family Tuesday.

Fifteen teachers from our village and vicinity attended the institute at Waukegan last week.

Walter Avery, of Chicago, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Sennott and daughters at present writing.

George Leonard, of Lake Geneva, Wis., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davlin and family the first of the week.

Will Shaw returned to Stillman Valley, Ill., Monday, after a week's visit with relatives and friends in our village and vicinity.

Cole's Carbolisoap is not carboic soap. It is a purely vegetable, healing soap for the tenderest skins. If you use it once you will use it always, for it is one of the necessary luxuries. Be sure and get Cole's. Sold by all druggists.

LAKE ZURICH.

John Hodge, of Rockefeller, was here on business Monday.

Most everybody in this vicinity attended the fair Thursday.

Frank Roney, Louis Geary and William Bicknase made a trip to Chicago Monday.

Frank Carr, of Wauconda, and A. J. Raymond, of Volo, transacted business here Monday.

Miss Hazel Surbeck, of Chicago, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Frank this week.

The Americans won the ball game at the fair Thursday from the West Ends, of Waukegan, by a score of 4 to 3.

Mrs. Gustave Feidler was removed to the hospital at Chicago Monday, where she will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Charles Seip and family, who have been living in one of H. Helfer's cottages for a couple of weeks, returned to Palatine Tuesday.

The Americans lost their first game of ball this summer to the Waucondas last Sunday, score 12 to 11. The Americans had only half of their regular players and so were defeated.

It's mighty poor economy to neglect your horses and cattle and you can't afford to be without Cole's Veterinary Carbolisoap. It is a money saver, for it quickly cures cuts, galls and sores without scars. 50c and \$1.00, by all druggists.

Last Sunday night burglars entered the saloon of Hy. Branding and car

Constipation

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia.

25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** for the whiskers.



Mrs. Fred Unrath.

President, Country Club, Benton Harbor, Mich.

"After my first baby was born I did not seem to regain my strength although the doctor gave me a tonic which he considered very superior, but instead of getting better I grew weaker every day. My husband insisted that I take Wine of Cardui for a week and see what it would do for me. I did take the medicine and was very grateful to find my strength and health slowly returning. In two weeks I was out of bed and in a month I was able to take up my usual duties. I am very enthusiastic in its praise."

Wine of Cardui reinforces the organs of generation for the ordeal of pregnancy and childbirth. It prevents miscarriage. No woman who takes Wine of Cardui need fear the coming of her child. If Mrs. Unrath had taken Wine of Cardui before her baby came she would not have been weakened as she was. Her rapid recovery should commend this great remedy to every expectant mother. Wine of Cardui regulates the menstrual flow.

WINE OF CARDUI

ried off about \$150 worth of liquors, cigars and tobacco. They evidently intended to strike a fat pocket-book from the way they made their search. The authorities think it is the work of home talent.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

Clark Miller is en route for the Pacific coast.

Henry Baker is suffering from a bad sprained ankle.

Mrs. Maggie Matthews is visiting at Pleasant Valley.

Do not forget the work meeting at Ladies' parlor Friday.

Miss Hattie Mitchell, of Millard, Wis., has been a visitor.

Miss Ollie returns this week to her home at Arlington Heights.

Jessie Watson's family left here Monday to join him in Canada.

Will Henry has returned from Chicago, where he spent several weeks.

Mrs. Annie Tyrrell is entertaining her sister, Miss Lillie, from Chicago.

Miss Georgia Terrans, of Elgin, visited at Mrs. Ellen Riley's Sunday.

Last Sunday ended the vacation of Rev. E. D. Wyckoff. He will preach Sunday.

The Misses Emma and Rose Mitchell have employment at Elgin in the watch factory.

The Misses Florence and Eda Baker entertained a large company from Elgin the first part of the week.

The I. I. & Bolt Co. give their employes an excursion to Devils Lake, Wis., on Labor Day, the 7th of September.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Unwin rived safely at Sheffield, England. Miss Flossie writes that they are charmed with the country.

German Syrup.

We want to impress on our readers that Boschee's German Syrup is positively the only preparation on the market to-day that does relieve and cure consumption. It contains the specifics, such as pure tar, extracts of gums, etc., which have been so highly endorsed for the cure of coughs, colds and consumption by the great medical congresses. The consumptive, whether his disease is in the throat or lungs, must have rest at night, and be free from the spasm of dry and racking cough in the morning. The diseased parts want rest, healing and soothing treatment, and the patient needs fresh air, good food, etc. German Syrup will give free and easy expectoration in the morning with speedy permanent relief. Small bottles, 25 cents; regular size, containing nearly four times as much, 75 cents. H. T. Abbott, druggist, Barrington.

Is It Anthrax?

A peculiar and puzzling epidemic is causing consternation among farmers about Prairie View and Long Grove. Charles Sturm and John Reimers, two cattle shippers, lost four cows, respectively, while Frank Mitchell, Everett Mason and John Baxter each lost one by the disease.

Besides 16 cows shipped to the stock yards from the locality were condemned and held for post mortem. It is hoped when the officials have investigated thoroughly, they will be able to suggest a remedy.

Chicago papers announce that the epidemic is anthrax, same as infected the cattle at and near Palatine two years ago.

GINSENG.

The Richest and Most Valuable Crop Harvested.

\$30,000 to \$50,000 Can Be Grown on One Acre of Ground.

Many are getting rich throughout the United States growing ginseng, this valuable root which is consumed mostly in China. The wild supplies being nearly exhausted and prices increasing rapidly. Some years ago the department of agriculture at Washington, D. C., advised the experiment and culture of this plant, it baffled a great many for some time, but patience rewarded the successful parties with many thousands of dollars later on. Now that its culture and enormous profits are certain, many gardens are being started throughout the United States and Canada.

Ginseng formerly grew in abundance in the deep shady forests and hill sides of nearly every state in the union, but the decreasing forest supplies together with the steadily increasing demand for these roots in China has made Ginseng famous. Its natural home is in the shade, and one hour's hot sun will kill a season's growth under cultivation. It is given shade with brush or laths.

Chinese have used it for centuries. They chew it, make tea of it, use it in all their medical prescriptions and they also think it prolongs life, vitality and possesses supernatural powers as well, and they faithfully worship it. They are the chief purchasers and consumers of this drug, of which there are over 400,000,000. The wild supplies will soon be a thing of the past, and the small garden at home will yield a handsome revenue with a great deal less work and care than anything else in the agricultural line.

The roots under ordinary care will produce from \$16,000 to \$25,000 per acre and the seed crop harvested in the same length of time is much more valuable than the roots, for marketing or enlarging the gardens. Our last United States consul's report from China claims it is possible to market \$20,000,000 worth of ginseng in China annually. At no time as yet have our exports reached one twentieth part of this amount. This is giving the large or small cultivators of this plant a good opportunity for years to come as the cultivated supplies are much more valuable. The price per pound in 1902 for the best grade was \$9.00. The price per pound in 1858 was 5 per cent, so it will be seen that the price of this root is increasing wonderfully.

We owe a great deal to George Stanton of New York state for his successful experiments with ginseng, who is also a successful grower of this root. He made a fortune, sold his gardens and retired. His successor cleared \$8,000 above all expenses on 40 square rods of ground and increased his garden to five-eighths of an acre last season. This, it will be seen, is an average revenue of \$32,000 annually from one acre of ground.

McDowell of Missouri claims \$20,000 from one-half acre and G. F. Langworthy of Michigan sold \$1,700 worth

"Short Jaunts for Busy People."

Is the title of a handsomely illustrated booklet issued by the Chicago & North-Western R'y, briefly describing nearby summer resorts, with information as to summer hotels and boarding houses, railroad and hotel rates, etc. Sent on receipt of 2 cent stamp. Address W. B. Kniskern, Passenger Traffic Manager, Chicago. For rates, tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

out of his small garden last season. George H. Betts, of Evanston, Ill., has a nice garden which will produce him a handsome revenue this year. He also handles roots and seeds for cultivation.

Just in Hard Luck.

Irate Guest (to waiter)—Look here! Didn't I order a Swiss cheese sandwich?

Polite Waiter—Yes, sir, and there it is.

Irate Guest—There are two slices of bread, but can you find any cheese on them?

Polite Waiter—I'm sorry, sir. The cheese is there all right, only you happened to hit on one of the holes.—New York Times.

She Would Have Had Him.

Gladys—Oh, yes, I refused him. I want a man who has known sorrow and acquired wisdom.

Edith—But, my dear, he would have very soon filled that bill if you had accepted him.—Puck.

Hope says to us at every moment, "Go on! Go on!" and leads us thus to the grave.—Le Mahtenan.

The day after a man quits work he is in the way.—Acheson Globe.

Senator Depew believes that the recent liquidation in stocks has shown the weak spots in the market. The general impression is that it has made the market look like a sieve.

The sultan of Turkey will now have an unsolicited opportunity to inspect a few of Russia's war ships.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates

Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway for the occasions named below:

International Mining Congress, Deadwood and Lead, S. D., Sept. 15 to 18.

Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., Baltimore, Md., Sept. 21 to 26.

Brotherhood of St. Andrew, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Oct. 7 to 11.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the Northwestern line.

Very low rates to Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah, via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold Sept. 12, 13 and 14, with very favorable return limits, on account of annual meeting National Irrigation Congress. Apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Excursion rates to the Centennial Celebration at Chicago, via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates September 28, 29 and 30, limited to return until October 2, inclusive. For further particulars apply to Agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for the season, month or week for Pure Lake Zurich

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Drop me a postal and I will call on you.

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A protector that will protect your family night and day is the

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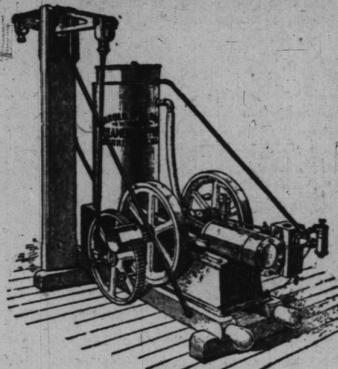
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Does not require years to learn, but a few weeks.

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BEN-HUR FLOUR

Buy a sack of Ben Hur Flour and see how much longer it lasts than the flour you have been using. Then figure out how many sacks less Ben Hur would be required to supply your family for a year and you will see what Ben Hur can do for you as a money saver.

Economy is only one of the good things which Ben Hur Flour will bring to your home. Light Bread which keeps fresh and moist for a long period, Dainty Rolls that you never saw the equal of before, and the Choicest Cake and Pies are the results of its use. A poor cook does better with Ben Hur than with any other flour. A good cook who has worked hard to make light Bread and tempting dainties from flour which did not have the goodness in it, will be delighted with the magical results obtained by Ben Hur.

When we buy wheat to make Ben Hur Flour we select the choicest grain grown in the great Northwest. Before this wheat is crushed it is thoroughly washed by special machinery. After it is made into flour it is handled and packed in inspected cars by intelligent men of life-long experience, and every barrel is tested before it leaves our mills. All this because we want every pound of Ben Hur Flour to increase our reputation for quality and economy. Ben Hur Flour costs you no more than the inferior kind. If it isn't better you need not buy it again.

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FREE The adventures of the "BEN-HUR DOUGH BOYS" in full bright colors with rhymes and pictures arranged to entertain and delight the children, will be sent to any address upon receipt of 8 cents in stamps (to pay cost of mailing), and the card or bill head of any local retail grocer who does not sell BEN-HUR Flour. Address ROYAL MILLING COMPANY, Minneapolis, Minn. Mention this page.



TURK CALLS ON SECRETARY HAY

Chehib Bey Is Disturbed Over the Action of President Roosevelt

SAYS THE SULTAN IS FRIENDLY

Ottoman Representative Sees No Need of Naval Demonstration, But Fails to Bring Head of State Department to His Way of Thinking.

Washington dispatch: In conversation with Secretary Hay of the state department Chehib Bey, Turkish minister to the United States, gave assurance that the Sultan is most anxious for friendly relations with America. He was apparently without recent information from Constantinople concerning the progress of the Macedonian insurrection, but urged that the Turkish government is doing its best to suppress the disorder and will spare no pains to protect the lives and property of foreigners.

The minister was much disturbed over the order from the President for the European squadron to proceed to Turkish waters, and used his best efforts to convince Secretary Hay that there is no occasion whatever for American warships there. He did not

to recall them before reaching Beirut if it could not be done.

There is a belief among the officials that when the squadron reaches Beirut, if it is learned that there is no actual danger, they may be sent to Smyrna, where there is a much better harbor, and where they could be of as much service should it be necessary to impress the sultan with the fact that the United States will tolerate no overt acts against the lives or property of Americans.

No Claims Against Turkey. No further information has been received at the state department in regard to conditions at Beirut or Harpoot. A dispatch from Minister Leishman says that the trial of the Armenian professor of one of the American colleges at Harpoot, who is charged with sedition, is progressing satisfactorily. Minister Leishman is watching the affair closely, however, to see that a fair hearing is granted.

There is a popular impression that this government has a number of old unsettled claims against Turkey for indemnity on account of outrages of American citizens or property. At the state department this is denied. Not a single claim involving a money indemnity is held against the Turkish government. The last claim amounting to \$90,000, was collected through the efforts of Acting Minister Griscom and Minister Leishman.

BULLETS MISS CONSUL.

Turkish Assassin Fails in Effort to Kill American Official. Washington dispatch: The United States vice consul at Beirut, William

A LOOK INTO THE FUTURE.



Newspaper Item, 1950: "Sir Thomas Lipton will again endeavor to lift the cup this year."

however, protest against the sending of ships, and made no official utterance of disapproval.

Says Reports Are Exaggerated.

He explained that it will be found out later that the reports of serious disturbances in Turkey and the danger to the lives of foreigners are exaggerated, and emanate from Bulgarian sources. Notwithstanding these assurances, it is not the intention of the United States government to recall the Brooklyn and San Francisco, though it is now probable that when they reach Beirut new instructions may be sent to Rear Admiral Cotton based upon a better understanding of the Turkish situation.

Minister Leishman said in a dispatch to the state department several days ago that it would be advisable to have an American warship within reach in case the revolution becomes more alarming. It was positively stated that Minister Leishman has not indicated any change of opinion on this subject, and that, so far as the state department is advised, he continues to feel the necessity of having a naval vessel within easy call.

Too Late for Recall.

Soon after the departure of Chehib Bey from the state department, Secretary Hay called upon Acting Secretary of the Navy Darling and discussed with him the orders to Rear Admiral Cotton. He learned that the Brooklyn and San Francisco have left Genoa for Beirut, acting under the original instructions of the navy department.

Both vessels have taken on enough coal to enable them to remain in the vicinity of Beirut for some time. They will, therefore, not stop at Port Said. Under the circumstances, it is explained that even should it be desired

German Soldiers Are Traitors.

Berlin cablegram: A sergeant and six privates employed in the German army magazine near Metz have been arrested on the charge of selling to agents of a foreign power the secret of manufacturing a new bomb fuse.

Elopes with Tenant's Daughter.

Carlyle, Ill. dispatch: Geo. Burr, aged 41, who owns several large farms here, has eloped with Mamie Stein, the 18 year old daughter of one of his former tenants.

THE USE OF QUININE.

ONE OF THE LARGEST IRRIGATING CANALS IN THE WORLD.

A Project of the State of Idaho.

On the west side of the Snake river in Idaho, between Blackfoot and American Falls, there is being constructed by the American Falls Canal & Power company, under a contract with the state of Idaho, an irrigating canal 85 feet wide and 60 miles long. When finished, this canal will be one of the largest and most perfect irrigating systems in the world. By its means a valley of 100,000 acres of the most fertile and productive fruit and farm land in America will be reclaimed.

The climate of the valley is ideal. Cyclones, hot winds, floods or destructive storms have never been known.

Grain, grass, vegetables and all varieties of fruit grow in abundance. A healthful climate, a sure crop, a heavy yield, high prices and a ready market, are features of this country.

Ten thousand acres of this rich land are now ready for irrigation and settlement. Purchase tickets to Blackfoot via Oregon Short Line Railway Co.

For full information concerning land, water rights, low prices, and easy terms, write, Evans, Curtis & Sweet Co., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Medical Men Long Fought Against Valuable Drug.

Quinine was first introduced into Europe by the wife of a Spaniard who was viceroy of Peru. Then Jesuits carried it to Rome and throughout Spain and Italy, proclaiming it an infallible remedy for all ills and selling it to the rich at unheard-of prices. An Englishman at last got hold of some of the quinine powder, cured Charles II. of a tertian fever and on the strength of it was appointed court physician and granted a knighthood. Later he similarly cured the dauphin of France and induced Louis XIV. to purchase his "secret." Still the medical faculty fought against quinine. Not even the patent efficacy of the thing could overcome the fact that it was introduced by one not of themselves. For many years the contest waged; men faithful to the faculty died for want of quinine; others, not caring a snap for the associated pedants, took their quinine and lived to see their children's children congratulate the medical schools of their day on climbing down and admitting that quinine was a good thing.

The Bible and the Empire State Express.

A Bible student has recently been figuring on how long it would have taken the people to make the journey from Dan to Beersheba if they could have had the benefit in the olden times of the Empire State Express. He figured that the train would have made this journey in less than three hours, although from a reading of the account in the Bible one would think it was a long journey, and it was for those days with their limited means of transportation. Ezekiel, the Chaldean prophet, had in his mind's eye something like the Empire State Express when he uttered the words recorded in the first chapter of his prophecy. Look this up and see if you do not agree with the idea.—From the Troy Daily Times.

The New York Central is every day adding to the sum of human knowledge by its marvelous passenger train service.

An Historic Old Railroad Engine.

The Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway is distributing free of charge an attractive little booklet entitled "The Story of the 'General,'" which contains an exceedingly interesting account of the raid of Capt. James J. Andrews and men during the Civil War. It is profusely illustrated. The "General" has been sent to Chattanooga, Tenn., by the N. C. & St. L. Ry., and is there to remain permanently. It can be seen at any time by travelers passing through Chattanooga over this railway.

Write to W. L. Danley, G. P. A., N. C. & St. L. Ry., Nashville, Tenn. Mention this paper.

European Hotel Service.

Simon Ford, the New York hotel man and wit, who has just returned from a visit abroad, was discoursing upon the relative merits of European and American hostilities, much to the disadvantage of the former. "Don't you think that our cuisines are inferior to theirs?" was asked. "Not at all," was the reply, "and our service in many instances is infinitely better. Why, the only two warm things that I could absolutely rely upon getting abroad were the ice water and the butter."

Lost Fortune in Crap Game.

Herr Jules Block, the Swiss iron magnate, lost \$30,000 in a game of craps at Tozaph, a Colorado mining camp, last week. He merely smiled at his ill luck and the next day drew on his New York bankers for a sufficient sum to make good his losses.

Jail for Runaway Husbands.

One year in state's prison, or \$100 fine, or both, is the penalty now imposed by law upon recalcitrant New Jersey husbands who willfully desert their wives and children and go out of the state to escape the responsibility of caring for their families.

Theodore Roosevelt has made application at Dallas, Tex., for enlistment in the navy. He is an Austrian by birth and disavows any relationship with the president.

The postal receipts for the fiscal year ending with June were \$1,605,976, an increase over the previous year of \$126,632.

HIDDEN PICTURE PUZZLE.



This Prospector Has Lost His "Partner." Find Him.

MAY GO TO WAR WITH COLOMBIA

Serious Consideration Is Being Given to This Solution of Canal Question.

TO ACT UNDER AN OLD TREATY

Pact of 1846 With New Granada Gives United States Government Full Power to Build Waterway Across the Isthmus of Panama.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., special: In a discussion of the Panama canal matter between President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hay three courses the administration could pursue were taken up.

The first is to ignore Colombia and proceed to construct the canal under the treaty with New Granada in 1846, to fight Colombia if she objects, and create an independent government of Panama out of the present state of Panama. This would give the United States what is expected to be a short and inexpensive war, but would insure a permanent settlement of the question of the sovereignty of the canal across the isthmus of Panama.

May Wait on Colombia.

The second course is that the president shall act in accordance with the provisions of the Spooner law, and, having failed to make a treaty successfully with Colombia, turn to the Nicaragua route.

The third course is to delay this great work until something transpires to make Colombia see the light and resume negotiations for another treaty.

The administration has engaged with the difficulty arising through the failure of the Colombian congress to ratify the Panama canal treaty without amendment and seeks a speedy solution.

The president and Secretary Hay both regard the treaty as probably dead and take little interest in the dispatches from Minister Beaupre at Bogota, which purport to detail the efforts which are being made by the Colombians "to save the treaty" by amending it.

Term Demand Blackmail.

The United States long ago informed the little republic that if any amendments were made the treaty would not be acceptable to this government, and therefore it is impossible that this government should recede from its previous statement and talk of negotiating a new treaty which would give Colombia greater advantages and an annuity of \$500,000, instead of \$250,000, which some Colombians demand. This demand is termed blackmail.

There are three courses for the administration to pursue if the treaty fails, and none will be taken till after a full consultation with the leaders of congress.

Would Require Big Army.

The first and third courses would imply that notwithstanding the report of the isthmian canal commission the administration is convinced that the Panama is the only route for the canal and either of them means delay. Even if we went to war with Colombia we could not do much in the way of canal digging until the mountain republic could be subjugated. We would not only have

DROWNS HERSELF IN THE LAKE

Invalid Wife of Alexander Winton Eludes Her Nurse.

Cleveland, O., special: Mrs. Alexander Winton, wife of the president of the Winton Automobile Company, committed suicide by throwing herself into the lake. She had been in ill health for several months. She arose from bed during the temporary absence of her nurse and disappeared. Subsequently her body was recovered from the lake.

to take the cities of Panama and Colon, but would be required to keep a small army on the isthmus to guard the workmen. If Colombia should show a deeply resentful spirit toward the invaders and be disposed to make a long guerrilla fight we might be compelled to send an army to Bogota. There also would be delay while we were creating an independent sovereignty in Panama and making a treaty with that country.

Seriously Consider War.

It will doubtless be a surprise to the public that the course which is sure to involve us in war with the South American republic is one of the methods of procedure now being soberly contemplated by the United States. There is little doubt that if we began to dig the canal under the terms of the treaty of 1846 Colombia would declare war. It is admitted that such a war would go far to destroy the good feeling entertained toward us by most of the Spanish-American republics, though it might be expected that the republics of Ecuador, Peru and Chile, which, from their geographical situation, would be greatly benefited by the canal, would sympathize with us.

Old Treaty Still in Force.

The treaty of 1846, under which we may claim the right to build the canal without further permission from Colombia, was negotiated at the time of our controversy with Great Britain over the Oregon boundary and our war with Mexico, and as a result of both of which our interests in the Pacific were enlarged. Colombia was then known as New Granada. This treaty secured to the United States the right of way of transit across the isthmus of Panama, or Darien, upon any means of communication then existing or that might thereafter be constructed. This treaty is still in operation, and under the obligations imposed the United States repeatedly has sent warships to both sides of the isthmus and landed marines to keep the railroad in operation.

SIX RIOTERS GUILTY OF BREAKING THE PEACE

Danville Jury Frees Two of the Defendants and Judge Will Pass Sentence on Others.

Six out of the eight rioters on trial at Danville, Ill., were found guilty. Those convicted are Winfield Baker, Adam Murray, Thomas Bell, Isaac Slade, John Walton and John Robertson. The jury acquitted William Redwine and Clay Biddle on the ground that the evidence against them was insufficient. The latter is but 16 years of age, and his boyish appearance had much to do with his escaping conviction.

The verdict expresses the prevailing sentiment of the community that the law must be upheld. The delay in the verdict was caused by William Pate of Catlin, a coal miner, who stood out against conviction. Several of the defendants are miners, and Pate was the only miner or laboring man on the jury. The miners are inclined to protect the prisoners, as it is claimed the rioters were urged to attack the jail by the wealthier classes, who surrounded the city hall and the jail in their carriages and automobiles, but took no active part in the lynching or storming of the jail.

The verdict in this case aroused comparatively little interest because it is only a misdemeanor. Judge Thompson has reserved passing sentence until after the main case against all twenty-four defendants is tried.

SEVEN-YEAR COMET SHOWS UP

Comes at Predicted Time in the Constellation Capricornus.

Geneva, N. Y., special: The Brooks periodic comet has been observed in the constellation Capricornus, with slow motion westward. It was discovered at Hobart college in 1889, and was found to be moving in an orbit with a period of seven years. The comet was seen again in 1896, and now makes another visit, being found exactly in its predicted place.

NEW STORIES OF CARLYLE.

Great Philosopher Was Sometimes a Trial to His Friends.

Goldwin Smith tells two new stories about Carlyle. Once he was staying with the sage at Lady Ashburton's house. After dinner the party came out on the lawn. A glorious moon met their eyes. There were a few moments of painful silence; then a voice was heard exclaiming: "Fair said thing!" The audience was left to guess whether the moon was "fair" in itself or because it was doomed to look down upon vile humanity. At that time Tennyson was one of the circle at Lady Ashburton's. He was asked to read one of his own poems aloud, but, to the general surprise and disappointment, he refused. Looking across the room, Prof. Smith saw the cause of the difficulty. Close to Tennyson was Carlyle, who had not failed in the universal sweep of his philosophy to pass an opinion on poetry in its relation to common sense. Prof. Smith, devoting himself to the public good, went across and invited Carlyle to a stroll in the grounds. He accepted the invitation and during the stroll the reading came off.

The J. P.'s Agree.

Staunton, Ark., Aug. 31st.—News comes from Duff, Seary Co., this state, that Mr. T. E. Reeves, a justice of the Peace at that place, has written a letter recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills in which he says:

"I think Dodd's Kidney Pills can't be beat for Kidney Trouble, and I wish them every success."

The local J. P. M. E. B. Cox agrees with his brother Justice on this point for he says:

"I had a bad case of Kidney Trouble and was not able to do a day's work without great distress. I bought six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and after I had used three boxes I was all right. I am as well as ever, and I cannot praise Dodd's Kidney Pills too highly."

"I have given the other three boxes to some friends of mine who had found out what it was that had cured me so satisfactorily and quickly and they all speak highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

No one disputes this unanimous verdict.

Raise Bank Cashiers.

One hundred and twenty-one men who were born and reared at Owenton, Ky., have become cashiers of banks since setting out for themselves in the world. This fact was brought out at the funeral of Walter S. Gazle, the cashier of a local bank, who died last week. A majority of the surviving cashiers of the town were present on the occasion.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hail's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hail's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, etc. Hail's Family Pills are the best.

World's Exports.

The value of manufactures exported from all the countries of production amounts to about \$4,000,000,000 annually, the share which we supply of this grand total being only about one-tenth.

Irrigated Lands.

The object aimed at by The National Irrigation Association, whose ad. appears in another part of this paper, is to give prospective settlers reliable information concerning Irrigable Lands in the West, and to awaken a public sentiment throughout the East in favor of reserving what remains of the public domain for actual settlers only. Our readers are urged to write them for full particulars.

Algeria's Grape Trade.

The exports of table grapes from Algeria amounted last year to 8,000,000 pounds. Of this quantity, 7,000,000 pounds went to France.

Sensible Housekeepers

will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

Don't you know that Defiance Starch besides being absolutely superior to any other, is put up 16 ounces in package and sells at same price as 12-ounce packages of other kinds?

The tonnage passing the Suez canal last year was: English, 6,772,911 tons; German, 1,707,322 tons; French, 769,110 tons; all others, 1,999,070 tons.

Dealers say that as soon as a customer tries Defiance Starch it is impossible to sell them any other cold water starch. It can be used cold or boiled.

A flock of ostriches at Phoenix, Ariz., now numbers more than 1,000 birds.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. RONNAN, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

It is usually the faithless ones who exact the most inflexible loyalty.

Wise is the man who doesn't write a truthful story of his life.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

When we get what we want we generally don't want it.

PUTNAM FADELESS EYES are fast to put on and washing.

You never know how little you can do until you try.

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY
TRUSTEES:
JOHN C. PLAGGE.....HENRY DONLEA
SILAS ROBERTSON.....J. F. GIESKE
HERMAN SCHWEMM.....L. H. BENNETT
CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT
TREASURER.....H. K. BROCKWAY
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
ATTORNEY.....GEO. W. SPUNER
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA
SOFT. OF WATER WORKS.....WM. HAGER

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1903.

O the charm of rural life,
Nothing like it;
Far from ceaseless toil and strife,
Nothing like it;
Cool winds summer heat requite,
Crickets sing the livelong night,
And mosquitoes—how they bite—
Nothing like it.

School opens Monday.

Barnum & Bailey show at Chicago Monday.

The village board will meet in regular session Monday evening.

East Dundee has let the contract for a \$15,000 water works plant.

During the week past this section has enjoyed beautiful and enjoyable weather.

The fellow who is "afraid to advertise is the one who does the calamity howling.

Libertyville attracted a large number of Barrington people yesterday and today.

Wanted—Six cords of Dry Wood, delivered any time this month. M. B. McIntosh.

Lounsbury Lodge, A. T. & A. M., will entertain brethren from Chicago September 12.

Lots of men have so much genius that they are unable to do anything but sit in the shade and think about it.

The Girls' Cornet band left for Libertyville this morning and will furnish music at the Lake County Fair today.

Labor Day, next Monday. A number of places of business will close in accordance with the governor's proclamation.

William Ryan and family have moved from Hough street, to the house on Grove avenue, recently vacated by Professor Smith.

The Review is under obligations to Fred Kirschner for a bountiful supply of luscious plums. The fruit was of the finest quality, just like Fred's generosity.

The Waukegan Sun of Tuesday evening contained an article of length in which a number of very complimentary things were said about the Girls' Cornet band of this village.

A "swap" social will be given Wednesday evening, Sept. 9, 1903, in the M. E. Church parlors. Admission 1c with an article to swap, or 25c without. All are cordially invited.

A new and improved automatic switch board has been placed in the telephone exchange. The service is greatly improved since the cable across the railway tracks was put in.

I. B. Fox, who has lately returned from Ocean Springs, Miss., reports a former citizen, Ed. Johnson, who removed to that section, as prospering handsomely and as perfectly contented in his new home.

A large number of people of this village and vicinity were disappointed in not attending the Lake County Fair this year, because the E. J. & E. road failed to run trains for their accommodation.

The Barrington Cornet band, 32 pieces, will have a prominent place in the second division of the Labor Day parade in Chicago, Monday. Prof. C. S. Horn will lead and our boys make a good showing.

About forty-five young people attended a party by the Misses Hager, at the home of George Hager, last Friday night. The amusements were varied and a plentiful supper served. A general good time was enjoyed.

John Schwemm, H. P. Askew, Ed. Groff, W. B. Shales, S. J. Palmer, J. R. Moores, George Wagner and C. H. Morrison attended a session of Kane Lodge, I. O. O. F., at Elgin, Monday night. They were highly entertained by their Elgin brethren.

The board of auditors of Cuba township met in semi-annual session Tuesday and audited road orders to amount of \$1,029.98 and bills of \$282.35. A special levy of 60 cents on the 100 was authorized to meet expenditures of the highway commissioners, and other bills.

They raise big melons in the southland. From the New Orleans Picayune we clip the following: "Ocean Springs, Miss., in a shipment of three carloads of watermelons, raised on the Stuart

Pecan Farm, a sample of seventy melons weighed 4,202 pounds, one weighing 78 pounds." This is the district in which Fred Sommerfeld located, but became dissatisfied and returned to this, Lake county.

The services in the Salem church will be conducted in English next Sunday evening. The use of the new hymn books recently purchased, with its excellent hymns and music, will be one of the features of the evening. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

A conference of the Republican leaders of Illinois was held at Rockford Tuesday and Wednesday. It was attended by many prominent politicians. While the conference did not endorse any candidate for governor, sentiment seemed to turn in favor of Frank O. Lowden, of Chicago.

Odd Fellows at their meeting last evening worked in the second degree, and elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Silas Robertson, noble grand. J. F. Hollister, vice-grand. Lewis H. Bennett, secretary. Subordinate officers will be appointed and installation held at the first meeting in October.

Frank Meyer was 36 years of age yesterday, and he will always remember the birthday anniversary with pleasure. Wednesday evening 25 of his Palatine friends and 15 from Barrington repaired to his farm home east of this village and gave him a surprise party. The event was a most enjoyable one to all.

In another column will be found a directory of civic societies of the village. Following will be found paragraphs of interest to members of the several orders. Any matters of pertaining to the advancement of fraternalism, announcements of special meetings, etc., is solicited, and should be addressed to The Review.

The Deering harvester employes' picnic, one of the largest of the season, was held at Fox River Grove, Saturday. It was estimated that there were over 10,000 people on the grounds, and this in spite of the fact that it rained pretty much of the time for three days before, and gave them occasional showers Saturday.

Mrs. J. F. Gieske's and Geo. Stiefenhofer's classes of the Salem church Sunday school, enjoyed a day's outing at Fox River, Monday. Boating, fishing and other amusements were indulged in by the young ladies. An appetizing dinner was prepared and served to which all did ample justice. The ladies report that the occasion "was just too lovely for anything."

With September come throts of winter and many a mother thinks with dread of the weary, anxious nights when baby has the croup. This is unnecessary. Keep a bottle of Cole's Cough Cure handy and you will have no trouble. It is the best remedy in the world for croup and colds. Try it. 25c and 50c. Guaranteed by all druggists.

A social entertainment is "on the wing" at Barrington Center, for the benefit of the church and Sunday school. Particulars later on.

Monument Fund Social.

The lawn social given by the W. R. C. Tuesday evening to establish a fund to erect a soldiers' monument, proved a success in every particular. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated by electric lights, the Girls' band rendered excellent music and the refreshment tables were liberally patronized. The net proceeds were about \$40. To this nucleus contributions are solicited and may be handed to the ladies at any time. Keep the monument fund issue to the front.

Rev. W. H. Tuttle will preach next Sunday afternoon at the M. E. Church in Barrington Center. Sunday school previous. All welcome.

Swept From the Car.

Tuesday afternoon a brakeman on a north bound C. & N. W. freight train had a narrow escape from serious injury at this station.

He was standing on the roof of a Menasha wooden ware car which is considerable higher than the regulation freight car. At the Walnut street crossing a telephone wire had been strung on the electric light company's poles to the office of Plagge & Co. This wire was not high enough to clear five feet above the big car and caught the brakeman below the chest, sweeping him from the roof of the car to the tracks.

Fortunately he escaped with a few slight injuries about the head and shoulders.

"Quarterly meeting service" at the M. E. Church next Sunday morning, at 10:30. The fourth quarterly conference will be held Tuesday evening in the church parlor.

Cole's Laxative Liver Pills—the perfect tonic-laxative. They are small, pleasant and perfect in their results. Your money back if you are not satisfied. Sold by all druggists.

BIG WEDDING

Celebrated in An Immense Tent at Schaumburg Yesterday.

When the young women of the adjoining township of Schaumburg are ready to enter the matrimonial state they do so after the custom of the country from which their parents emigrated. The "quiet home wedding" custom adopted by the American people finds no favor with the brides of Schaumburg. They believe that the event should be surrounded by all the spectacular features of a gala day celebration, and they have them.

The Germans of Schaumburg adhere more closely to the established customs of the Fatherland than any community in this section. No dowry-less bride goes to the altar there, no wedding is considered complete unless there is feasting, amusements, dancing and drinkables without limit.

There have been many big wedding celebrations in Schaumburg but the marriage there yesterday of Miss Emma Rohling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Rohling, prosperous and well-known residents there and Prof. Frederick Pfingston, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pfingston, also prominent residents, was attended by many new and novel features.

As early as 8 o'clock in the morning the roads leading to Schaumburg were crowded with crowds of old people and young people, in wagons and on horseback, dressed in gaudy holiday attire, the horses decorated with many lured ribbons, going to witness the wedding and take part in the festivities.

On the Pfingston farm an immense tent had been erected inside of which was a large platform. Here the marriage ceremony was performed at 11 o'clock a.m., by Rev. Mueller, pastor of the Lutheran church of Schaumburg township. The bride and groom were attended by 10 bridesmaids and 10 groomsmen, and pronounced man and wife to the strains of a wedding march played by the Burlington and Bartlett Cornet bands. In annex tents a great feast was served by uniformed waiters and 1500 people fed. Dancing games and feasting was carried on late into the night.

W. B. Shales to Remove.

It is with sincere regret that we announce the removal from our midst of Will B. Shales and family. During his few short years of residence in Barrington Mr. Shales has surrounded himself with a large circle of friends and associates who have learned to respect him for the many good qualities in his make-up and his genial companionship.

In fraternal society work in our village Mr. Shales and his amiable wife have taken a prominent part. Will being consul of the M. W. A. camp, vice-grand of Odd Fellow lodge and a member of the Masonic order. Mrs. Shales has taken an active part in R. N. A. work.

September 15, Mr. Shales and family will take up their residence in Elgin, where Mr. Shales has accepted a position with a leading hardware firm. He will not be among strangers there, having been a resident of that pretty and growing city some years ago.

Mr. Shales needs no recommendation from his hundreds of friends here, who know him to be a gentleman of true worth and an A1 mechanic. All Barrington people wish for Mr. and Mrs. Shales prosperity and happiness in their future home.

Pleasant Party.

Miss Beulah Otis entertained a large party at the village hall Monday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Ethel Austin, formerly of Barrington, now residing at Ravenswood. There were about 50 young people present, who enjoyed the evening in general sociability and dancing.

Bennett and Hill furnished music for the occasion.

The following ladies and gentlemen were present from Palatka:

Misses Alma Bergman, Delia Knigge, Clara Taylor, Mary Hoffmeister, Bessie Pinner, Emma Keubler, Alma Bicknase, Emma Godknecht, Elnora Arps.
Messrs. Henry Schroeder, Plinn Arps, Herbert Filbert, Richard Taylor, George Mattheis, Stuart Paddock, John Slade, Irving Beutler, Paul Clay, Royland Beutler, Adolph Godknecht, Rufus Starck.

Position Wanted—American lady, middle aged, desires a position as working housekeeper for widower with one child. Good cook and housekeeper. Address, Mrs. C. Johnson, Barrington.

A. Sonnenberg offers his well-selected stock of boots, shoes, slippers, etc., at prices less than quoted by Chicago dealers. The goods will be sold at actual cost prices. Call, examine goods and be convinced. 32-1f

The old maid stood on the steamboat deck, whence all but she had fled, and calmly faced a kissing bug that circled overhead. The maidens shrieked and the matrons swooned and the men all swore amen, but the

game old maid like a hero stayed, and whispered, "Come again." There was a buzz—a thunder sound, the old maid—was she dead? Nay, still she stood and cried for more, but the kissing bug had fled.

The Odd Fellows' Herald of Springfield, Ill., pays a neat compliment to this paper for which we return our thanks. The Illinois Odd Fellow and Pythian Record of Chicago also tender us bouquets for an article replying to President Blanchard of Wheaton College for his arraignment of secret societies. We are pleased to know that The Review is appreciated not only at home but abroad; that its columns contain that which is worthy of reprinting and complimentary comment.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Frank Plagge visited in Chicago this week.

Harry Graham visited his parents at Wauconda Sunday.

W. H. Snyder, of Mayfair, called on friends here Tuesday.

John Wolf has gone to Chicago to remain two weeks or more.

C. H. McCleary, of Rogers Park, was the guest of C. H. Morrison, Sunday.

Mrs. Ansel Smith and Miss Lillian Smith visited Elgin relatives the past week.

L. E. Runyan visited friends at Elgin and St. Charles yesterday and today.

Miss Mary Dermody of Chicago visited with her aunt, Mrs. J. Palmer, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harrower, of Chicago, visited with relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. John Slack, of Chicago, was the guest of Miss Margaret Lamey yesterday.

Raymond Elridge, of Chicago, visited with his father, Lawson Elridge, over Sunday.

Miss Clara Frey of Chicago, was a guest at the home of J. C. Plagge Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Dr. Coltrin and family of Austin are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Castle.

Miss Florence Jahnke has returned from a pleasant visit with Mrs. John Blaine at Walworth.

Mrs. Henry Kingsley and daughter, Miss Ida, of Dundee, visited at the home of Leroy Powers Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sott visited at the home of their daughter, Mrs. D. H. Crouse, in Chicago this week.

Miss Ida Danielson, of Chicago, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. James McKay, returned home Wednesday.

Circuit Clerk L. O. Brockway, of Waukegan, visited at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Brockway Sunday.

Mrs. Charles McCleary and Miss Gertrude Hubbard, who were guests at Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Morrison, returned home Sunday.

Silas Robertson and L. B. Fox returned Saturday from a two weeks' sojourn in Louisiana. They report that country booming.

Mrs. L. Krahn and daughter, Miss Sadie, departed Tuesday evening for Fall City, Neb., where they will visit relatives for a month or so.

Arnold Schauble has been at Libertyville this week demonstrating the good points of the Barrington Gasoline engines to visitors at the Fair.

Miss Clara Harrison, who has been enjoying the summer vacation in Canada, returns Saturday to resume her duties as teacher in the public schools.

Mrs. James Sizer, Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Powers, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Elvidge, G. W. Johnson and Charles Senn attended the reunion of the 52nd regiment at Elgin Wednesday.

Miss Ethel Austin, of Ravenswood, has been the guest of friends here for some days, previous to her departure for Boston, Mass., where she will enter a school for young ladies.

Miss Emma Jahnke was installed as assistant in the postoffice to succeed Miss Krahn, resigned, Monday. Miss Emma's many friends will be pleased to know of her appointment to the position. She is popular with all and an efficient employe wherever placed.

Miss Sadie Krahn, who has served as assistant to Postmaster Brockway for several years, has resigned her position and will, it is said, after a vacation in the west, assume a clerical position, with a firm in Chicago. Miss Krahn is one of Barrington's most highly respected young ladies, efficient in any duty assigned to her and deserving of all the prosperity that may come to her.

The man who cannot be beaten is he who holds his head up when he has been beaten.

LOCAL HISTORY.

Happenings in This Vicinity Ten Years Ago This Week.

Henry Boehmer removed his household goods and family to Wheeling.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Heise announced the arrival of a son, born August 28.

Mr. and Mrs. Troy and Miss Lizzie Troy, of Onslow, Iowa, spent the week at the home of Edward Lamey.

The W. R. C. received an invitation to attend a reception given in Chicago in honor of Aunt Lucy Aiken, famous for her work during the war.

Great number of Barrington people and those of vicinity, viewed the wonders of the World's Fair.

The home of Frank Plagge was entered by burglars.

Ground was broken for the erection of four brick store buildings on the site of recent fire by Messrs. Stott, Henning and Gruau.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society and Y. P. M. S. of Salem church held their first annual picnic in Landwer's grove.

Those attending the National Encampment of the G. A. R. held at Indianapolis were G. H. Comstock, James Sizer, L. E. Runyan, L. E. Elvidge, G. W. Johnson, Fred Wiseman and Mr. Humphrey.

The Review, \$1.50 per year.

THE REVIEW CHIP BASKET

Hewen by Hackney.

Governor Yates says he will deliver speeches in every county in the state and thereby take revenge upon his deserters. That settles the chances of the governor.

The opinion is ventured in some quarters that in his championship of the colored brother the president has not gained supporters among the whites, and when we consider that only a small percentage of the colored brethren are allowed to vote, while every white man is permitted that right, it is doubted whether he has made a good political investment.

Plans for a national combination of farmers to maintain prices, regulate distribution and fight all combinations of "middle men" have been launched in Chicago. They maintain that if the farmers, are kept prosperous hard times are impossible and there would seem to be a good deal of truth in the statement.

Low grade milk may be the fault of the cows, but if the milkmen and the shippers and the farmers were all to do their work as well as the bossies there would be less cause for complaint.

Three of the most desperate, treacherous Indian chiefs, and a number of their followers, who ever sacked the homes of settlers in the southwest, have experienced religion and united with the church. The Bible says, "the vilest sinner may return," but we don't believe that refers to any such class of murderers and despoilers of homes.

C. F. Hall Co.'s Values.

Black Sateen Remnants, 5c per yard. New Style Waist Goods, 10c, 12c and 15c per yard. Boys' Sample Suits, sizes 6-13, fine wool goods, choice \$1.98. Good Bed Blankets, 45c per pair. Some Fine Sateen Corsets, 75c goods, to be sold at 25c. Big lot of Walking Skirts received, large and small sizes, 98c, \$1.39, \$1.98. Special Fur Sale. Coats at 63c, 98c, \$1.29, \$1.98. Ladies' Fine White Lawn Waists, reduced to 98c. Children's Fall Dresses, 25c, 49c and 98c, in Flannels and Cashmeres. Fine 12c Flannelette Remnants, 8c per yard. Ladies' High Grade Fall Suits, all new styles, \$7.75, \$10.49. Men's 50c Dress and Working Skirts, at 39c. Special Bed Spread Sale, 79c, \$1.25. Ladies' Vests with sleeves, 15c. C. F. Hall Co., Dundee, Ill.

The Fall Term of the Metropolitan Business College of Chicago opened last Tuesday. It is not, however, too late to take up the work in this college. Students are received at any time and the students term dates from his enrollment. If you could not get started at the opening of the term do not give up the idea of attending. You should fully inform yourself at once as to the necessary steps and arrange to begin a course as soon as possible. Profit by the ex-

ample of men who are plodding along with no ambition and do not fail to improve your opportunity to prepare for a successful business career. Address, Metropolitan Business College, New Powers Building, Chicago.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

LOUNSBURY LODGE, No. 751, A. F. & A. M., meets every Thursday evening at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 856, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON CAMP, No. 809, M. W. A., meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON COURT, No. 373, COURT OF HONOR, meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON GARRISON, No. 127, K. of G., meets second and fourth Monday evenings at Sott's hall.

MAYFLOWER CAMP, No. 2582, R. N. A., meets first and third Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

LOUNSBURY CHAPTER, No. 491, ORDER EASTERN STAR, meets first and third Friday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 430, MYSTIC WORKERS OF THE WORLD, meets second and fourth Saturday at Odd Fellows' hall.

Of Interest to Members.
Masonry was the first secret order to enter the territory of this great state. In the year 1806 the first lodge of Free and Accepted Masons to be organized in the Illinois country was instituted at old Kaskaskia, the village that was the capital of the state when admitted in the year 1818. Accordingly, Masonry in Illinois will shortly have reached the century mark.

Odd Fellowship is a great leveling force. All members stand on one common level in the lodge room. The man who ranks as a millionaire in business life is on the same level with the man who carries the hod, in the lodge room. To illustrate. The King of Sweden is the outside guardian in the lodge where one of his most humble subjects is the noble grand.

The Woodmen expect to reach the million mark in membership by the date of the next head camp meeting to be held in 1905.

Don't be afraid of trying new methods to make the lodge meetings popular and entertaining. The money is well spent which secures the active interest and attendance of the members. The social features of lodge life ought to be emphasized. Arrange for something of interest and the attendance will increase.

Robert S. Cowan, supreme master of the Mystic Workers of the World, died at his home in Rockford, Tuesday morning, Sept. 1. He was 44 years old.

The man who gets the most out of his lodge is the one who puts into it the greatest amount of interest, of work, of energy and of thought. It is the man who lives to a large extent for his fellow beings, that gets the greatest spiritual benefit from this otherwise prosy existence. Life is what you make it, and a good way is to take a brace and do something for someone else beside your own self. Be of some use to your lodge.

Fraternalism means standing together, shoulder to shoulder to defend each other, home and family. It is charity without question which enriches the giver and does not humiliate the receiver.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal.
Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45.

Baptist.
Rev. J. C. Garth, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Salem Evangelical.
Sunday services at 10:30 and 7:45 every Sunday. Sunday school at 9:15. Junior meeting Monday at 7:30. Young Peoples' meeting Tuesday at 7:45. The Monday and Tuesday meetings are conducted in English. Rev. J. G. Fidler Pastor.

Zion Evangelical.
Rev. Wm. Klingbell, Pastor. Services each Sunday. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. Young Peoples' meeting at 7:30 p. m. Evening services at 8 o'clock.

St. Ann's Catholic.
Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.
Rev. G. A. Stanger, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.

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