STATE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Convention at Springfield Adopts Declaration of Principles—Favors Policy of Protection of American Industries—Cannon Strongly Recommended for President.

Republicans of Illinois, in state convention at Springfield, adopted the following platform:

The Republican party of Illinois, steadfast in its purposes, proud of the achievements of the national Republican party, gratified with the prosperity to the whole people resulting from its policies, proclaims anew its faith in its cardinal principles of the party, as expressed in its national platform of 1904.

We regret that the Democratic party has not yielded its opposition to the protective policy of the Republican party and accepted with patriotic pride its beneficent results, so apparent everywhere in the affairs of the people of the United States. We adhere without hesitation to the cardinal doctrine of protection to American labor and American capital.

We do not hold that any particular schedule of tariff duties must be of endless duration, but, on the contrary, when changing business and industrial conditions shall be benefited by a modification of any existing tariff schedule the Republican party holds itself ready to make such needed changes. The necessity for such change, however, must not arise from any special interest, but must arise from a fair and candid consideration of all the business and industrial interests of the whole country.

Congressional Acts Approved.

We give full approval to the legislation of the national congress. The enactment of the rate law, the pure food law, the employer's liability law, the meat inspection law, the law making alcohol free for the arts, manufacturers and all industrial purposes, and the final legislation for the construction of the isthmian canal, together with many other important laws, all of which must appeal to the sound judgment and satisfaction of every patriotic citizen and constitute a legislative record unsurpassed, if indeed equaled, during the present generation.

Under the policy of the Republican party, the credit of our nation stands higher than ever before. Bonds issued for the construction of the isthmian canal, bearing the low rate of 2 per cent interest, have sold at 4 per cent above par. Interest on money has depreciated, while wages have advanced, thus showing conclusively that in the race between the dollar and the man the man is the victor.

Believing as we do that the interests of the American people are best safeguarded and protected by the policies of the Republican party and believing that a Democratic house of representatives would block those policies and the course of administration and that a Republican congress is essential to the continued successful national administration, we call upon the people of Illinois to see to it that the Republican delegation in congress from this state shall not be lessened by a single number.

Praise President Roosevelt.

We commend the policy of the national administration, directed by the unerring judgment of President Roosevelt. His dauntless courage in the enforcement of the laws and the determination to see to it that, in so far as the power of his great office will permit, every man shall have a square deal, have characterized him as one of the bravest, most fearless and most just men who ever held the high office of president of the United States. Under his wise and energetic administration his influence for good has not been confined to our own country, but the influence of the United States among the nations of the earth, both in war and in peace, among the great nations no less than among smaller states, has been a potential factor in all that works for the good of mankind.

We heartily indorse the course pursued in congress by our senators, Hon. S. M. Cullom and Hon. A. J. Hopkins, and by the Republican representatives in congress from Illinois. We congratulate them on having satisfied constituencies and on the renomination of all the Republican representatives in congress who desired renomination, and we are proud of the fact that from their number that splendid statesman, Joseph Cannon, has been twice chosen speaker of the house of representatives.

Shelby M. Cullom Indorsed.

Everywhere in Illinois the name of Senator Shelby M. Cullom is a synonym of personal honor and official integrity. His long political career stands before the people of Illinois today without blemish. His splendid ability and wise statesmanship are everywhere recognized. Illinois is justly proud of him. At the recent primary election held in this state the people have expressed unbounded confidence in him and have chosen him to succeed himself. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we heartily indorse his candidacy for re-election to the United States senate, and we hereby declare him to be the candidate of the Republican party to succeed himself as senator of the United States from the state of Illinois.

Cannon for President.

Mindful of the great responsibilities of the office of president of the United States, hoping for a continuation of the successful policies and wise administration of the Republican party, with full confidence in the experience, ability, mental equipment and lofty patriotism of the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, for the discharge of these duties and great responsibilities, Illinois most strongly favors and recommends to her sister states and to the Republican national convention to be held in 1908, the nomination of the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, to the high office of president of the United States.

Commend Work of Assembly.

We commend the forty-fourth general assembly of Illinois for its excellent record and for the passage of all measures promised by the Republican state platform of 1904, notably the primary election law, the civil service law and the Chicago charter amendment.

The primary election law is uniform and compulsory. All primaries are held at the same time and all county conventions on the same day. For state, congressional and senatorial offices a plurality vote of the delegate districts is abiding instruction for at least one ballot. The primary ballot of each political party is surrounded by all the safeguards known to the law. Every delegate to every party convention is elected by ballot voted in a booth and counted by regularly appointed judges. The provision of the law regarding the nomination of county candidates was made elastic to meet the different conditions obtaining in the sparsely settled rural communities and in the thickly settled urban communities in the state. We favor the passage of such amendments as will make it effective.

State Administration Indorsed.

We favor the extension of the civil service law. We indorse and commend the practical and businesslike administration of Gov. Deneen and the other state officials.

We cordially approve the business methods and practical judgment manifested by Gov. Deneen in the appointment of the various state commissions. In the management and supervision of the state institutions he has enlisted the services of some of the ablest men in the state. Hospitals for the insane have been modernized and pathological departments organized. Training schools for nurses have been established.

For Effective Bank Supervision.

We favor legislation which shall compel the most vigorous and accurate inspection of the state banks of this state, so that losses to depositors shall be reduced to the minimum, and we also favor legislation for the severest punishment for defaulting bank officers and employers possible under our constitution.

We approve the efforts of the state administration to procure through its free employment agencies employment for the prisoners released from the penal institutions.

We commend the record of the Republican party in labor legislation. We favor the reduction of the employment of child labor to the minimum and recommend the employment of additional food and factory inspectors. The party stands ready to pass such further legislation as experience demands in the line of making employment sanitary, healthful and safe.

Labor Legislation.

The Republican party is the pioneer in labor legislation.

Opposition to slavery and all forms of oppression and a desire to aid free labor to the highest degree of education, efficiency and happiness are first principles of the party, which has shown its faith by its works for the last 50 years by enacting national and state laws by which the field of labor has been immensely enlarged, wages greatly increased, per diem hours of labor much decreased and laborers made more secure from accident. The Republican party pledges that it will work as faithfully for the interests of labor in the future as it has in the past.

We indorse the efforts of the Illinois congressional delegation to secure an appropriation for the completion of a ship canal from the great lakes to the gulf of Mexico.

We favor liberal appropriations by the federal government for the improvement of the Ohio river, looking to the securing of a nine-foot channel from Pittsburg to Cairo, and we instruct our representatives in congress to give their support to the same.

TO UPLIFT CHINESE WOMEN.

Daily Newspaper for Their Interest Founded in Peking.

A daily newspaper for women is now published in Peking, and has awakened a widespread desire on the part of Chinese women to learn to read. It is called the Peking Woman's Journal, and is the outcome of the intellectual awakening that followed the Boxer uprising and the occupation of the country by the allies. In the attempt to assimilate western learning which followed these troubles, the leaders of the nation realized that their women must be educated, and the paper was one of the means adopted to this end. Paragraphs against foot binding appear frequently in the paper, and among the subjects of recent articles are "Evils of Obtaining Evidence by Torture," "Proof That the World Is Round," "Proof That the World Moves," "Cure of Children," "Kindness to Animals," "Evils of Opium Taking."

GOOD COLORS FOR HOUSES.

It is not generally known—not even among painters—why certain tints and colors wear much better than others on houses, and the knowledge of just what tints are best to use is, therefore, rather hazy.

One writer on paint, in a recent book, says that experiments seem to show that those colors which resist or turn back the heat rays of the sun, will protect a house better than those which allow these rays to pass through the film.

Thus red is a good color because it turns back, or reflects, the red rays, and the red rays are the hot rays.

In general, therefore, the warm tones are good and the cold tones are poor, so far as wear is concerned. In choosing the color of paint for your house, select reds, browns, grays and olives which, considering the various tones these tints will produce, will give a wide range from which to choose.

Avoid the harsh tints, such as cold yellows (like lemon), cold greens (like grass green, etc.), and the blues.

It must be understood that no virtue is claimed for tints in themselves, irrespective of the materials used in the paint. Any color will fade, and the paint will scale off, if adulterated white lead or canned paint is used, but if one is careful to use the best white lead—some well-known brand of a reliable manufacturer—and genuine linseed oil, the warm tints mentioned above will outwear the same materials tinted with the cold colors.

Suffered for "White Lie."

Is a white lie ever justified? That at least some people believe it has no excuse is proved by the following tale: An ancient rabbi came to a city where all the people were truthful, married one of the inhabitants, had two children and prospered. One day a neighbor called when the rabbi's wife was washing her head, and the rabbi, going to the door, was seized by false modesty and said that she had gone out. Thereupon both of his children died, and, as no one died in that city before reaching old age, the neighbors made inquiries, the rabbi confessed what he had done, and was ordered to leave the city immediately.

His Interest Was Personal.

An eccentric member of the British parliament who died recently endeavored vainly during a quarter of a century to get passed into law a bill for preventing persons from standing outside windows while cleaning them. During his last session the old fellow complained to a colleague that his object in introducing the bill had been quite misunderstood by the house for these 25 years. "I introduced the bill," said he, "not for the sake of the window cleaners, but for the sake of the people below, on whom they might fall. The idea of the bill was suggested to me by the fear that a window cleaner might fall on myself."

Pushing Cape to Cairo Line.

In a report in the London Times it is stated that the Cape to Cairo railway in South Africa has been opened so as to run over the Kafue river on a bridge which stands on 13 spans, each 100 feet, with pillars resting on a bed 16 feet under the water. Kafue river is 255 miles north of Victoria falls, and the distance from Cape Town is 1,908 miles. The railroad, however, is now at Broken hill, 347 miles beyond the falls, the line having been pushed on while the bridge was building over the Kafue river.

Small Profits of Pawnshops.

Consul General George W. Roosevelt reports that the official report of the Brussels pawnshops for 1905 shows a capital employed of $387,181 and profits made during the year of only $4,966. The amount of loans on pawns was $1,253,173. In 1904 the amount loaned exceeded the amount for 1905 by about $96,500.

Origin of Knighthood.

Knighthood was intended to serve as a mark of distinction for deeds of renown and merit. "Knight" properly signifies a person who, for his virtue and martial prowess, is raised from the rank of gentleman into a higher class of dignity and honor.

SALLOW FACES

Often Caused by Coffee Drinking.

How many persons realize that coffee so disturbs digestion that it produces a muddy, yellow complexion?

A ten days' trial of Postum Food Coffee has proven a means, in thousands of cases, of clearing up bad complexions.

A Washn. young lady tells her experience:

"All of us—father, mother, sister and brother—had used tea and coffee for many years until finally we all had stomach troubles more or less.

"We were all sallow and troubled with pimples, breath bad, disagreeable taste in the mouth, and all of us simply so many bundles of nerves.

"We didn't realize that coffee was the cause of the trouble until one day we ran out of coffee and went to borrow some from a neighbor. She gave us some Postum and told us to try that.

"Although we started to make it, we all felt sure we would be sick if we missed our strong coffee, but we were forced to try Postum and were surprised to find it delicious.

"We read the statements on the pkg., got more and in a month and a half you wouldn't have known us. We were all able to digest our food without any trouble, each one's skin became clear, tongues cleaned off and nerves in fine condition. We never use anything now but Postum. There is nothing like it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

ILLINOIS DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Republican Legislation Denounced by the State Convention—Tariff Reform Demanded—Favor William Jennings Bryan for President.

The platform adopted by the Democratic state convention, in session at Peoria Aug. 21, is as follows:

This representative convention of the Democratic party of Illinois congratulates the Democracy of the state and the whole country upon the brilliant prospects of victory in the coming contest and election.

The accumulating evidence of Republican extravagance, duplicity and inefficiency demands the overthrow of that party in the state and nation. The people are turning again to the path of Jefferson and of Jackson and of Bryan for the relief from corruption that affects many branches of our government and congressional evils that may be still worse in their consequences.

We believe the unfortunate inmates of state charitable institutions deserve the kindest, most careful and most human treatment the state can give them. During the last two months we have had revealed conditions in our state institutions shocking to the best of our people. Unfortunate and defenseless wards of the state have been subjected to treatment of the most shameful character, and these occurrences have not been isolated. They have arisen before under Republican officials and in many institutions.

The Republican administration has given us a civil service law that is the merest shadow of pretense applicable to only a part of the state service and to only a part of the employes therein, and the governor who pretended to advocate it as a friend of the merit system sat up until midnight of the day before it became a law to block its purpose by filling every possible place for appointees that they might hold their places without examination.

Primary Law Denounced.

The Republican administration of sham reform caused to be expended $65,000 of the people's money to pass and $250,000 more to put in effect the so-called primary election law. And such a travesty it is. By a majority of more than five hundred thousand the people of Illinois voted two years ago for a direct primary law which would enable the citizen to vote directly for the nomination of the candidates whom he wished nominated by his party. In the fact of this direct and overwhelming expression of the people's will and in defiance of their own specific promise made in their state platform of 1904, to give the people a direct primary law, the Republican party shirked its duty in the regular session of the general assembly and passed a cowardly makeshift that was declared unconstitutional.

Then, after putting the people to the expense of a special session, that party brought forth such a mockery of a primary law that it was, on its passage, denounced even by the Republican lieutenant governor of the state as a "double-headed disaster" that puts "a problem on gerrymanders and deadlocks."

The results have proved it to be a law to put the control of nominations in the hands of political machines and compel the voter to disclose his politics and thereby destroy the secrecy of the ballot and wholly disfranchises the independent voter in nominating conventions.

We pledge the Democratic members of the next general assembly:

To an earnest effort to make the state civil service law a fact as well as a name, a law applicable to all branches of the state government, and all employes thereof.

To the enactment of a direct primary law that will be an exact, direct primary law, and not a "double-headed disaster."

To an enactment that will correct and prevent the abuses that prevail in our state institutions under Republican administration if such abuses possibly can be reached by law.

To the enactment of a state banking law that will provide sufficient supervision of and will prevent the looting of the funds accumulated by the thrifty.

Unjust Tariff Laws Condemned.

We believe that American citizens are entitled to the best fruits of American enterprise, and we condemn in unmeasured terms the present Republican system of extorting tribute from the people at home by means of unjust tariff laws, so that foreigners may enjoy American products at a cheaper price than our own people.

To end this system which fosters the iniquitous trusts and combinations that are controlling legislation through the Republican party, we demand a careful and businesslike revision of existing tariff rates by the friends of the people, and not by the friends of the system, to a point where the revenues will meet the expense of government honestly and economically administered.

Great Corporations Denounced.

It should be remembered that the Democratic party was first to recognize and denounce in its platform those various trusts and combinations formed for the purpose of enabling greedy corporations to obtain more than a fair share of the products of capital and labor, and secure exorbitant and unreasonable profits from the consumer, and we renew our solemn pledge to favor the enactment and enforcement of such legislation as will ultimately suppress such criminal combinations and make way for a fair and healthy competition in all classes of business.

Criticism for Congress.

We denounce the Republican congress for its shameful surrender to the railroads, the Standard Oil octopus and the meat trust in its boasted legislation designed to regulate the great, merciless corporations.

We denounce the proposed ship subsidy legislation now pending in the national congress and we declare that scheme to take money out of the national treasury and pay it to a few favored ship owners as un-Democratic, un-American and unjust to the masses of the people.

We are opposed to large standing armies in time of peace, but we regard the volunteer soldiers who are ever ready to take up arms, not as a profession, but as protectors of home and country, as the real guardians of our peace and we favor liberal pensions to those who gave their services to their country.

Rights of Labor Defended.

We believe in liberal wages, reasonable hours, and the best possible condition of employment for the men and women who toil in the mines and shops, in the factories and on the railroads of our state and country, and we furthermore believe that their inalienable right to petition the representatives of the people in congress and in the legislature should be zealously guarded and eternally preserved, and that they should be protected against insolence and insults when engaged in the exercise of this sacred right, and that in its last analysis this right includes the right of men to ask questions on problems affecting the welfare of candidates for public office and offering instructions and exacting pledges regarding the same.

Humanity demands that there should be rigid child labor legislation, and that such laws should be consistently enforced.

The restrictive measures which organized labor has demanded against the disastrous and fatal competition of Chinese coolies and the cheap South Europe emigrant labor are both reasonable and just, and deserve to be made statutory and carried out to the letter.

Just and profitable conditions of labor are recognized by us as a fundamental and essential principle of enduring and substantial prosperity for business and in fact for all people.

For Postal Savings Banks.

We favor the early establishment by the United States of the postal savings bank system.

We favor a thorough inquiry by a congressional commission into the early acquisition and operation by the federal government of the telegraph and telephone systems.

We favor the passage by congress of the eight-hour law and anti-injunction law asked by the American Federation of Labor.

We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and as a move in that direction we ask the passage of a law permitting the people to express their preference for senator by direct vote at the polls.

We believe in the enactment of a railroad rate bill that adequately protects the producer and shipper alike, and we commend the Democratic senators who stood ready to cooperate with President Roosevelt in the passage of such a bill, and regret that opposition from leading and controlling senators forced the president to accept a bill that is full of pitfalls and productive of delays which will practically defeat the beneficent purposes of the legislation.

Favor Bryan for President.

For president of the United States in 1908 the Democrats of Illinois first and last have but one choice, and that man is William Jennings Bryan. In this period of official hypocrisy, political corruption and cowardly surrender of principles to expediency wherever Republicanism holds sway, William Jennings Bryan towers above all Americans as fittest to lead in the fight to rescue our government from the hands of special interests and restore it to the people. The Democracy of Illinois eagerly looks forward to 1908 for the opportunity to join with sister states in nominating and triumphantly electing him president of the United States. The time calls for a president of Bryan's honesty, sincerity and political philosophy.

HAD HEARD PAPA SAY IT.

Toby's Somewhat Unconventional Remark at Party.

When nine-year-old Toby went to his first unchaperoned party he was given minute instructions upon his behavior. For one thing, he was not to help himself to anything more than twice, and—well, if at any time he should feel at a loss as to the correct thing for small guests to do, he was just to think of dear papa and do as he thought he would under the same circumstances. So Toby departed and returned.

To a fondly questioning mamma he reported that all had gone quite as she would have it. He had helped himself to cake only twice, and when a pretty temptress had passed it to him for a third time—though he wanted a piece "awfly"—he had remembered mamma's warning, had thought of dear papa, and had remarked emphatically: "Damn it, no!"

MISS LEOPOLD, SEC'Y LIEDERKRANZ,

Writes: "Three Years Ago My System Was In a Run-Down Condition. I Owe to Pe-ru-na My Restoration to Health and Strength."

MISS RICKA LEOPOLD, 137 Main street, Menasha, Wis., Sec'y Liederkranz, writes:

"Three years ago my system was in a terrible run-down condition and I was broken out all over my body. I began to be worried about my condition and I was glad to try anything which would relieve me.

"*Peruna was recommended* to me as a fine blood remedy and tonic, and I soon found that it was worthy of praise.

"A few bottles *changed my condition materially* and in a short time I was all over my trouble.

"I owe to Peruna my restoration to health and strength. I am glad to endorse it."

Pe-ru-na Restores Strength.

Mrs. Hettie Green, R. R. 6, Iuka, Ill., writes: "I had catarrh and felt miserable. I began the use of Peruna and began to improve in every way. My head does not hurt me so much, my appetite is good and I am gaining in flesh and strength."

Facts About Alaska.

Alaska is an interesting region. In area she is twice as large as Texas, with California thrown in, but her resident white population numbers only about 30,000, though in summer she has from 10,000 to 20,000 more whites. In fur, fish and minerals she is rich. Since her annexation she has furnished $50,000,000 of furs, $60,000,000 of fish and $70,000,000 of minerals, chiefly gold and silver. Her output of gold, which was $9,000,000 in 1904, was $16,000,000 in 1905, and will be fully $26,000,000 in 1906.—Leslie's Weekly.

Transmission of Facial Characteristics

It would appear that the transmission of facial traits subordinate to a definite law, that is to say, that ancestral facial expression and appearance are more often than not transmitted through the female members of the family, who generally do not exhibit the same characteristics to the male offspring, and that the younger generations show, as a rule, all the facial conditions and signs which were present in a remote ancestor.—North American Review.

Tree Made Into House.

A singular maple tree on the left bank of the Oder, in Germany, is at least a century old, and has been twisted and cut into a kind of circular house of two stories. A firm, leafy floor has been formed by causing the branches to become gradually woven together. Above this is a smaller second floor, similarly formed, and the ends of the branches have been woven into solid walls, in which eight windows on each story have been cut.

REAL ESTATE.

YOUNG Man Come West. Good dairy farm, stock and implements, 80 in field, 15 to 20 in hay, more farms on railroad. D. F. SKENE, The Dalles, Ore.

LANDS FOR SALE. Three Thousand Acres of improved farm lands in Walsh, Cavalier and Ramsey Counties, known as the Red River Valley Land District, in farms from 160 acres to 40 acres, from two to eight miles from market. Prices from $15 to $50 per acre. For full particulars write W. G. Robertson, Fairdale, N. Dak.

320 ACRES FOR SALE. 5½ miles north from Fairdale, Walsh County, 160 acres under cultivation, 80 acres yet to break, balance good meadow land, school house on farm, good well. House, 14 x 18, one story, Stable 24 x 36. Granary, 12 x 36. Terms to suit buyer. Apply to GUY M. BOWERS, Fairdale, North Dakota.

DAIRYMEN

Let us send you Free Book and Illustrated Map of the BIG RED CLOVER COUNTRY, located midway between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior, showing its markets, population, etc. Farmer's Land & Cattle Co., St. Paul, Minn.

CANADA Wild and improved farm lands in quarter, half and full section blocks, in the famous Saskatchewan Valley at reasonable rates and on "Easy Terms." Now is the time to locate and secure a farm in the best wheat country in the world, where the average crop from 25 to 40 bushels per acre. Homestands located. For particulars address, STORE & CO., Regina, Sask., Can. P. O. Box 412