

WEEK'S NEWS

Summarized for
Very Busy Readers

Washington

Representative Richard Bartholdi of Missouri notified the house lobby investigating committee at Washington today to reply to all charges by Col. M. M. Mulhall, but on account of his wife's illness would be unable to return from Germany before September 30.

A vigorous defense of the administration currency bill by Representative Carter Glass, one of its authors, was received with general applause and support in the first session of the caucus of Democratic members of the house at Washington, before which the measure is to be worked over and its fate determined.

Distribution of government funds in the south to help move the cotton crop probably will begin this week, according to officials of the treasury department at Washington.

According to figures given out by the department of commerce, the importations of sugar into the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, amounted to six and a half billion pounds, establishing a new record.

"It is more important to control or destroy the trusts than to revise the tariff," declared Senator Kenyon in the senate at Washington.

The \$50,000,000 of federal funds to be deposited in the national banks of the west and south to assist in moving the crops will be increased to \$150,000,000, if necessary. This was told to western bankers who held a conference with McAdoo at Washington.

Senator Joseph F. Johnston of Alabama died of pneumonia at the age of seventy in Washington. His death precipitated an interesting question under the amendment to the Constitution providing for direct election of United States senators.

The government crop report given out from Washington was one of the most sensational that the country has seen. It reduced the estimated yield of corn 300,000,000 bushels from the July figure to 2,672,000,000 bushels, or 42,000,000 bushels less than last year's harvest. Kansas and Oklahoma have been hit harder than any other state. Hot winds and deficit of moisture is blamed.

With 125 midshipmen of the first and third classes aboard, the battleship Illinois reported to the navy department at Washington that she had left Puget Sound, the last leg of her foreign cruise. The vessel will land the future admirals at Annapolis, August 25.

Laundries money is just as good as new bills only a short time out of the printer's hands, according to the bureau of chemistry at Washington, which reported to United States Treasurer Burke the results of a recent chemical analysis of the washed notes.

Trade of the United States in the last fiscal year set a new high record. Figures just compiled at Washington show that it was \$4,775,000,000, greater by \$411,000,000 than last year's record. The balance in favor of the country this year was \$651,000,000.

Domestic

The result of the vote on a new city charter, Middletown, Ohio, was announced and showed the proposal had carried by 98 majority. The commission form of government is provided.

Frederick Evans, for many years private secretary to Garret A. Hobart, former vice-president of the United States and a director in several insurance and transportation corporations, was stricken with heart disease in the office of the Wall Street Journal in New York, where he is employed as chief editorial writer.

Fire of unknown origin which destroyed five buildings at Farmerville, Ill., was brought under control after causing \$20,000 damage. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Majority Leader Levy of the assembly announced that he would introduce a resolution in the New York assembly to impeach Governor Sulzer "for wilful and corrupt conduct in office and for high crimes and misdemeanors."

One thousand of the 1,500 Michigan state troops who have been on guard in the Calumet copper region during the strike of 15,000 miners have been withdrawn, and the troops left with armed special duty squads.

Mercer, Pa., the county seat, was partially devastated by fire, which caused half a million dollars loss and which for a time threatened to wipe out the town. Two big barns, a garage, three dwellings and two other buildings fell prey to the flames.

Thomas Davidson of Breathitt county, Kentucky, was placed on trial here charged with complicity in the murder of former Sheriff Ed Callahan, the noted feud leader. Three men have been tried already on the same charge and all were convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment. Fourteen others are to be tried on the charge.

Heavy rains, which were general from Nebraska to western New York, beginning Saturday and continuing all day Sunday, have broken the heat wave in portions, at least, of the east-central and west-central states, and will be of great benefit to what remains of the crop crop, according to reports received here.

The anti-land law of California, which caused Japan to protest and roused talk of international complications, has gone into effect.

The triennial convocation of Knights Templar in Denver opened with a great parade through beautifully decorated streets.

A pension approximating half pay for every Episcopal clergyman more than sixty-five years old and financial aid for widows and orphan children of clergymen are recommended in a preliminary report issued by the commission on pensions of the Episcopal church of which Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts is chairman.

The executive committee of the national Democratic congressional campaign committee was named by Representative C. W. McNamara, chairman of the committee, as follows: Senator James Senator Gore, Representative Scully, New Jersey; Representative E. T. Taylor, Colorado.

The Gunboat is there! He proved it conclusively at Madison Square garden in New York by battering down and knocking out Jim Flynn in the fifth round.

Mexican Revolt

With the arrival in Mexico City of John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson, administration officials at Washington declared that no further steps would be taken in carrying out the policy of the United States toward Mexico until Mr. Lind had made a careful study of the general situation there.

Two American women and an unknown American man are reported to have been killed on the train track by rebels at Rancharia, Mex., 65 miles from Juarez. Aboard the passenger train when it left Juarez were Mrs. Thomas Dale, wife of a Chihuahua banker, and her sister, Miss Mattie Morrow. Dale is a British subject.

Personal

Dora, of the laughing brown eyes, and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest, and loveliest of them all"—said that she is about to seek her freedom.

News of the killing of 15 men in a quarry slide at Porto Bello, Panama east of Colon, was received at Panama by wireless. Among the dead is Charles Nyland, an American engineer.

Dr. Oliver Livingston Jones, a wealthy retired physician and father of "General" Robert Jones, a suffrage leader, died in a New York hospital of self-inflicted wounds.

Judge George W. Hays of Camden, Ark., took the oath of office as governor of Arkansas, succeeding Senator J. M. Patterson, who has been acting governor for several months.

Like Jim Hiram, Prairie Belle Hays, Frank O'Neil, engineer on the Peter Lee, lost his life when that steamer sank in 40 feet of water at Lake Providence, La., after striking a sunken coal barge. Fifty persons were saved.

George O. Hartman, the leper who was taken to the isolation cottage at Quarantine, Mo., several miles south of St. Louis, escaped. He returned to his wife's home in the heart of the city, got some money and departed.

Foreign

Opposition to the eugenic marriage as provided for by law in some of the American states was voiced at the International Medical congress, held in London. Prof. William Bateson, British lecturer at Yale university in 1907, and formerly professor of biology at Cambridge university, thought too much blame for the increase of lunacy had been attributed to the excessive strain of the modern struggle for life and to the use of alcohol and drugs.

The peace treaty was signed by the Balkan states at Bucharest. In honor of the occasion and the peace treaty, with flags, guns were fired, bells were rung and the bands played.

Four military contingents joined Medical Officer Pearson of the home office staff in London as he was leaving Holloway jail and horsewhipped him. Members of the army and navy set fire to all the windows in the jail, near London. The flames were extinguished before the buildings were destroyed.

MAP GIVING SITUATION IN MEXICO



The constitutionalists, led by Gov. Carranza of Coahuila, claim to control three-fourths of Mexico. They denounce Huerta as having taken the presidency without authority of law. They assert they have from 60,000 to 80,000 men in the field, and that they rule the following states:

Chihuahua, except Juarez and Chihuahua City, except Guaymas. Coahuila, except Saltillo and Monclova. Nuevo Leon, except Monterrey and Tampico. Sonora, except Laredo, Tampico and Victoria.

Sinaloa, except Culiacan and Mazatlan. Zacatecas, except Zacatecas City. San Luis Potosi, except part of the railroad of Tampico. Durango.

In the constitutionalist territory

General Urbina and General Villa are operating in Durango and Chihuahua, and numerous bands of brigands roam the country and carry off whatever property they can move. American interests in Mexico, outside of railroads, are mostly in Durango, Chihuahua and Durango. A recent estimate placed American losses from the revolutions of the last three years at \$140,000,000 to \$150,000,000.

To Huerta the constitutionalists concede only the states of Mexico, Hidalgo, Queretaro and Puebla, and the railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico City.

The Zapata rebels have their camp in the mountains at Cuernavaca, only 60 miles south of Mexico City, and are in such control that Zapata is said to have retaken Huerta's permission for a Japanese colony in that region.

ENVOY LIND ARRIVES

PRESIDENT WILSON'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE REACHES MEXICO CITY.

ARMY IS READY TO STRIKE

Additional Cruisers Are Rushed to Southern Waters to Remove Citizens of United States From the Danger Zone.

Washington, Aug. 12.—John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson to investigate the Mexican situation, arrived safely in Mexico City Sunday night, according to advice received at the state department from Charge O'Riaghney of the United States embassy at an early hour Monday morning.

News of the safe arrival of Mr. Lind with his wife and party in the Mexican capital followed several hours of suspense. The complete absence of any information of the progress of the party from the time it left Vera Cruz added to the uneasiness which was heightened by vague rumors of attacks on Mr. Lind and his family and associates.

President Wilson had retired when word of Mr. Lind's safe arrival was received, and he was not awakened. Secretary Bryan remained at his desk until 1:30 o'clock Monday morning, anxiously awaiting some report from the embassy at Mexico City. When it finally came it proved to be merely a terse announcement of the arrival of the special envoy, coupled with the announcement that he and his party were safely quartered at the Hotel Lescarrais.

Governor Lind, Mrs. Lind and Dr. William Bernard Hale, who has been in Mexico some time studying conditions on behalf of President Wilson, made the trip from Vera Cruz by regular train.

Reports received here from representatives of American newspaper agencies in the Mexican capital show the demonstration planned by Huerta partisans, who back the provisional president in his stand against accepting mediation by the United States, was nothing that could be construed as hostile to Governor Lind.

About 1,000 students and laborers paraded the streets, waving the banners of Huerta and carrying banners bearing pro-Huerta mottoes. The provisional president and his cabinet viewed the demonstration from the balcony of the palace.

Carnegie Guests of Queen.

Paris, Aug. 12.—Queen Wilhelmina of Holland and the prince consort, with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, will be present at the transfer of the Palace of Peace at The Hague, which will take place on August 25.

Boat Sinks; Five Drowned. Five persons, and four others were drowned and four others were saved when a motor boat sank in Long pond. The party were bound for a dance at Lakeside park.

SULZER ABSOLVED?

WIFE OF NEW YORK GOVERNOR ASSUMES BLAMES FOR STOCK DEALS.

BITTER DEBATE LASTS HOURS

Story Heard in Albany Causes Sensation as Assembly Flights Over Efforts Being Made to Impeach Him for Misuse of Campaign Funds.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 14.—The lower house of the New York legislature met late Tuesday night to vote on Majority Leader Levy's resolution to impeach Governor Sulzer on charges of wilful and corrupt conduct in office and high crimes and misdemeanors.

The Democratic organization claimed more than enough votes to adopt the resolution for the impeachment. Governor Sulzer's friends made no claim.

The story was spread broadcast throughout the capital during the night that Mrs. Sulzer had assumed all blame for the revelations brought out by the Frawley committee concerning the governor's transactions in Wall street.

Mrs. Sulzer's statement was made, according to this story, to Senator Palmer. She is quoted as having told him on Monday:

"I am wholly to blame for this whole affair."

Although the report was the property of everyone, apparently no one could find fault with the campaign, as confirming it. Governor Sulzer referred all inquiries to Senator Palmer, who declined either to confirm or deny. He is reported as having told it to a select committee of the governor's supporters.

According to other friends in whom Mrs. Sulzer has confided, she has said that she used some of the governor's campaign contributions because she felt that the household "was in need of money."

When the testimony concerning the Wall street transactions was brought out Mrs. Sulzer again insisted, according to the story, that she tell all and save her husband's name. On the advice of James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia, who was Governor Sulzer's attorney in the Mignon Hopkins breach of promise case, and Attorney Louis Marshall, Mrs. Sulzer, it is said, was persuaded to remain silent.

It is also said by friends of the governor that the story concerning Mrs. Sulzer gave Mrs. Sulzer \$500 for personal expenses. She is said to have put her confidantes that this sum was invested with others in the stock market. The governor's friends thought that this would account for the \$500 payment to Boyer, Griswold & Co., messengers of which Mrs. Sulzer is the widow before the Frawley committee.

Since his occupancy of the executive office Governor Sulzer has declared he has been subject to continual espionage. Spies lurked at his household in New York before his inauguration and followed him to Albany.

Many private documents belonging both to the governor and Mrs. Sulzer have disappeared among them being, according to Mrs. Sulzer's friends, many which could be used in substantiation of her story concerning her alleged use of the governor's campaign funds.

Love letters written to her by the governor during their courtship also have disappeared recently, these friends assert.

It is reported that Mrs. Sulzer is preparing a detailed statement for publication in this statement she is said to have itemized all her transactions in Wall street in which any of the governor's campaign funds were involved.

This expected statement from Mrs. Sulzer was made the subject of a motion by Minority Leader Hiram that further consideration of the impeachment proceedings be deferred until the matter was declared defeated by a yeas and nays vote, and was followed by a roll call on a motion to reconsider the vote by which the original motion was lost.

There was a hum of expectancy when Mr. Hiram arose and said it came to his attention that Mrs. Sulzer had made a statement which had a highly important bearing on the matter in question.

"It might be considered in the light of newly discovered evidence," he said, "and I, therefore, move that further consideration of this matter be deferred until tomorrow."

"I hope this motion will not prevail," Mr. Levy exclaimed. "I have seen the statement referred to. It does not affect the matter in question on vital points and I do not think it will influence the vote of a single member."

Riot in the Italian Strike.

Genoa, Italy, Aug. 14.—Wild scenes were enacted here in an attack on the headquarters of the strikers by the strikers. The strikers also attacked taxicab chauffeurs and street car employees who had continued at work.

Sole Survivor of Crash in Home.

New York, Aug. 14.—Mrs. William Lamberton, widow of the late William Lamberton, who was killed in the auto accident near Long Beach, which claimed the life of her husband, S. O. Goodell and the chauffeur, was carried into her home at Hempstead.

OTHERS ALSO IN HARD LUCK

Youthful Artist, However, Was in No Mood to Extend Sympathy to Fellow Unfortunate.

Two youthful artists having a studio in Philadelphia, wherein they not only work, but lodge as well, were obliged to make shift, not long ago, during a period of financial stress, with such meals as they could themselves prepare in the studio.

One morning as the younger of the two was "sketching in" the coffee as gave utterance to loud and bitter complaint. "This is a fine way for gentlemen to live!" he exclaimed.

"Oh, I don't know," was the dry comment of his friend. "Lots of people are far worse off. I was reading only this morning of a recluse who cooked his own breakfast for 13 years."

"He must have been awfully hungry when he finally got it done," rejoined the other, savagely—Harper's Magazine.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams* in Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Cheap Talk. "That Mrs. Naylor dropped in this afternoon and got off a lot of cheap talk." "Cheap talk?" "Yes, she used our telephone for a full half hour."

Could Afford It Now. "Why have you cut that lady who has just passed? Yesterday you were most cordial towards her." "That is my dilemma, and I paid her bill this morning."

Success demands sacrifice. Two men set out to achieve a feat. One succeeded. The other lived—Louis Horwitz.

WOMAN TOOK FRIEND'S ADVICE

And Found Health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Windom, Kansas.—"I had a displacement which caused blood trouble and I was so miserable I didn't know what to do. I suffered from many ailments, bearing down pains, my eyes hurt, I was nervous, dizzy and irregular and I had a female weakness. I spent money on doctors but got worse all the time."

"A friend told me about the Pinkham remedies and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and was cured. I cannot praise your remedies enough for I know I never would have been well if I had not taken it."—Miss MARY A. HONNIN, Route No. 2, Box 41, Windom, Kansas.

Consider Well This Advice. No woman suffering from any form of female trouble should lose an opportunity to get well until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for nearly forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail.

It acts surely but gently on liver and bowels. Stop after dinner digestion. Indigestion. Improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, BIG PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A safe and sure remedy for itching scalp, dandruff, and hair loss. It is the best of its kind.

BE MY PARTNER in Co-Operative Commerce. I will pay you for your goods and services.

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